

Cleveland District State High School preparing students to meet the future

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Parents and Students

This handbook outlines the subjects offered to students in Years 10, 11 and 12. It has been produced to assist students to make decisions on the appropriate subjects to study throughout the Senior Phase of their education. The pathway that the student will take through Senior should be carefully considered – tertiary entrance through the International Baccalaureate Diploma Program (IBDP), tertiary entrance through the Australian Tertiary Admissions Rank (ATAR) or a Vocational pathway which will prepare students for TAFE study, apprenticeships, traineeships and paid work.

There have been significant changes to senior schooling in recent years with the Australian Tertiary Admissions Rank (ATAR) replacing the Overall Position (OP). These changes impact on students who choose a tertiary entrance pathway through the ATAR and Vocational students who choose a combination of General and Applied subjects. The changes will not impact in any way on the IBDP and the impact on most Applied subjects will be minimal. The subject information in this Handbook is a summary of the approved General and Applied syllabuses. All syllabuses are publicly available on the QCAA website https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/senior-subjects/az-list

It is expected that students (and parents) will read this handbook carefully and select a course that is appropriate to their abilities, interests and career aspirations. The importance of choosing appropriate subjects cannot be overemphasised. It is expected that the subjects that the student chooses for Year 10 will be the subjects that they continue to study throughout Years 11 and 12. Cleveland District State High School operates a three year senior and there are no further subject selection opportunities. Students may change subjects in Year 10, however, this is totally dependent on available vacancies in the destination subject. This applies to all pathways – IBDP, ATAR and Vocational. **Subject changes in Years 11 and 12 can only be made in extreme cases** as these changes will affect the Queensland Certificate of Education (QCE), the IBDP and the ATAR.

All students should plan on completing Year 12 and graduating with a QCE and an IB Diploma/ ATAR/Vocational qualification. Our school offers pathways and subjects that should cater for the needs of all of our students as long as they choose the course of study that is suited to their abilities and interests. There is little value in choosing subjects that are too difficult in the hope that the subject will result in a higher tertiary entrance score. Students gain the most advantage from choosing a pathway and subjects that they can manage academically and find interesting as they will be studying these subjects for three years. Year 9 results should give an indication of both ability and interests.

Senior Schooling at Cleveland District State High School

Students in Years 10, 11 and 12 are considered Senior School students at Cleveland District State High. A three year senior gives students the opportunity to begin to specialise in certain areas of the curriculum and determine their pathway through the Senior School. This approach leads to increased interest and enthusiasm. The more academic students feel challenged by the range of academic subjects offered (General subjects and the International Baccalaureate Diploma Program) while students who decide to follow a vocational pathway feel a renewed sense of success. This approach has proven to be very successful with the Year 10 preparation units structured as a prerequisite to support and prepare students for the rigours of Units 1, 2, 3 and 4 of each Senior General and Applied Subject.

Choosing subjects for Year 10 is now more important than ever before. Each General and Applied subject consists of preparation units, two formative units (Units 1 and 2) and two summative units (Units 3 and 4). Year 10 students need to demonstrate through the preparation units that they are suited to continue in the subject. Students choosing General subjects in Year 10 will need to achieve at least a "Satisfactory" standard in two pieces of Internal Assessment as well as block exams in September. Students who do not achieve a "Satisfactory" standard in the subject will be required to change subjects. There is no advantage in continuing with subjects that are unsuitable or too difficult as students need to pass Units 1, 2 and the Unit 3 and 4 pair to gain core credits towards their QCE. The final results for ATAR students will be based on their performance in the Unit 3 and 4 pair. For General Subjects this includes an External Exam which will contribute 50% of the final result in Mathematics and Sciences and 25% of the final result in all other General Subjects.

It should be noted that absences from school will have a significant impact on student outcomes. Students should have no more than 10 days in total absent from school each year in the senior school. This includes part days – late arrivals and early departures. When you are preparing for External Exams, the work covered in every lesson is important as we do not know what will be included in the exams as they are developed by the QCAA. Avoidable absences from school such as appointments and family holidays will have an impact on student outcomes and should be carefully considered.

Learning Outcomes

The Learning Outcome for all students in Years 10, 11 and 12 is a **QCE** (or a QCIA for a small number of students on individualised programs). All students are required to undertake a program which maintains their QCE eligibility and this is monitored very carefully throughout the Senior Phase of learning. The requirements of the QCE are set out in this booklet.

In addition to the QCE, students select pathways that will support them to achieve their postschool goals. Our school offers multiple pathways through the Senior School – International Baccalaureate Diploma, ATAR (Australian Tertiary Admissions Rank) and Vocational studies – catering to the needs of our students' interests and abilities.

Queensland Certificate of Education

The QCE is Queensland's senior secondary schooling qualification. It is internationally recognised and provides evidence of senior schooling achievements. The Queensland Curriculum and Assessment Authority (QCAA) awards young people a QCE when they complete the senior phase of learning — usually at the end of Year 12. To be awarded a QCE, students must achieve the set amount of learning, at the set standard, in a set pattern, while meeting literacy and numeracy requirements.

Set Amount of Learning

To achieve a QCE, students need to earn 20 credits from contributing courses of study including:

- QCAA developed subjects or courses studied through the school.
- Vocational education and training (VET) qualifications.
- Non-Queensland studies such as the International Baccalaureate Diploma Program (IBDP).
- Other recognised studies such as AMEB exams, University subjects, Extended Essay (IBDP) etc.

A Set Standard of Learning

To be awarded credits, students must satisfactorily complete the course of study. Depending on the learning, this would be interpreted as satisfactory completion, grade of C or better, competency or qualification completion, pass or equivalent.

A Set Pattern

To be awarded a QCE a student must earn at least 20 credits with a minimum of 12 of those credits from completed Core courses of study. A further 8 credits can come from any combination of Core, Preparatory or Complementary studies. Core credits are awarded for General, Applied and Extension subjects, Certificates II, III and IV qualifications, school based apprenticeships and other recognised studies categorised as Core such as International Baccalaureate Diploma subjects. Preparatory studies include Certificate I qualifications, QCAA short courses in literacy and numeracy and recognised studies categorised as Preparatory. Complementary studies include QCAA short courses, University subjects, Diplomas and recognised studies categorised as Complementary.

Please note that to support the required breadth of learning for a QCE, there are limitations on the QCE credits for some VET qualifications. For example, if a student is enrolled in the subject Sport and Recreation at school and completes a Certificate II in Sport and Recreation at TAFE, only one of these studies can contribute to the QCE as this is considered duplication of learning. For this reason, students completing VET qualifications will not be able to study the equivalent subject here at school. For further information see the QCAA link below.

Literacy and Numeracy

Students must meet the literacy and numeracy requirements through one of the available learning options. The easiest way for students to do this is to enrol in the appropriate English and Mathematics subjects and pass these subjects.

Further information on the QCE can be found on the QCAA website: Recognised Studies – https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-andqualifications/qce/recognised-studies/lists-recognised-studies QCE Factsheet – https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/downloads/senior/snr_new_assess_te_qce_factsheet_requirements.pdf QCE Eligibility – https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/certificates-and-qualifications/qce-qcia-handbook/print/2queensland-certificate-of-education-qce

Senior School Pathways

The Senior School program undertaken depends on the pathway selected by the student:

- International Baccalaureate six subjects in the specified pattern plus three core areas.
- ATAR at least four (recommended six) General subjects.
- Vocational Pathway a combination of General subjects, Applied subjects and Vocational Qualifications (Certificates I, II, III, IV or Diploma) completed at TAFE, with an outside RTO or through a Workplace Traineeship or Apprenticeship. All students choosing this pathway are strongly encouraged to complete a Vocational Qualification.

International Baccalaureate Diploma Programme*

Cleveland District State High School is an IB World School authorised to deliver the International Baccalaureate Diploma Programme (IBDP). The IBDP is an academically challenging pathway through the Senior School that is designed to prepare students for success at university and life beyond.

The IBDP is recognised by Universities in Australia and throughout the world. Universities, such as the University of Queensland, QUT and Griffith University acknowledge the rigour of the IBDP and offer graduates academic credits and academic acceleration.

The IBDP curriculum is made up of six subject groups and three core areas – Theory of Knowledge (TOK), Creativity, Activity, Service (CAS) and the extended essay (EE). Students must study one subject from each of the six groups – Studies in Language and Literature, Language Acquisition (French, Japanese or Mandarin), Individuals and Societies, Sciences, Mathematics and The Arts (or an additional Science subject). Through the core, students reflect on the nature of knowledge, complete independent research and undertake projects that often involve community service.

Students considering the IBDP pathway should be achieving a B or higher in every subject, have a positive attitude to study and be prepared to devote considerable time to the community service requirements and the Extended Essay.

ATAR (Australian Tertiary Admissions Rank)

- Senior subjects are referred to as General subjects (rigorous subjects that ATAR students will generally choose) and Applied subjects (subjects that are more practical in nature and are generally chosen by students undertaking a Vocational pathway).
- All General subjects have External Exams. The External Exams in Mathematics and Science subjects, will contribute 50% towards the final result with the External Exams in all other subjects contributing 25% towards the final result.
- External Exams will be common to all schools and administered under the same conditions, at the same time and on the same day. These conditions will be similar to the current QCS Test.

ATAR Calculation

Best five (5) QCAA General	Or	Best four (4) QCAA General Subjects
Subjects		plus
		Best result in one (1) QCAA Applied
		Subject
		or
		Certificate III/Certificate
		IV/Diploma/Advanced Diploma
 If the student is eligible for an ATAR 	2 in both c	entergories, the highest will be used

- If the student is eligible for an ATAR in both categories, the highest will be used.
- Student must achieve at least a sound in an English subject (English, Literature or Essential English) to be eligible for an ATAR.
- The English result will only be used if it fits the pattern above.

ATAR advice for Parents and Students

- Year 10 subject selection is more important than ever before. Students need to take care when choosing their subjects as they will be studying these subjects for the next three years.
- There is no subject selection process during Year 10. The subjects that students are enrolled in for Year 10 will be their subjects for Years 11 and 12 as long as they have reached a minimum C (Satisfactory) standard in the subject following the Year 10 Exams in September.
- Units of work increase in complexity over the three years of the subject culminating in four summative assessments for each subject in Year 12 that will contribute to the ATAR. The ATAR will be based on results in the best five subjects studied.
- Subject changes in Year 11 will only be made in extreme cases as subject changes will significantly disadvantage students as they will not have the foundation units needed to achieve on the Year 12 assessment. Subject changes from General subjects to Applied subjects may be approved if students will still be on track to achieve a QCE and there are vacancies in the destination subject.
- It is recommended that students studying towards an ATAR choose at least five (recommended six) General subjects.
- Assessment in Units 3 and 4 is summative and will be used to calculate the ATAR.

Vocational Pathway

The Vocational pathway through the Senior School is designed to give students a more practical program that will lead to TAFE courses, apprenticeships, traineeships and/or paid work following graduation. All students in Year 12 are expected to undertake a program of study that will lead to a QCE. This can be achieved through a combination of General subjects, Applied subjects, Vocational qualifications such as Certificates I, II, III, IV or Diplomas. Vocational qualifications can be completed at TAFE, with an outside RTO or through a Workplace Traineeship or School-Based Apprenticeship. Opportunities are regularly advertised to students and it is their responsibility to follow up with our Industry Liaison Officer.

We currently have students studying a wide range of Vocational qualifications including: Diploma of Business, Diploma of Social Media and Marketing, Certificate IV in Justice, Certificate II and III in Conservation and Land Management, Certificate III in Aviation and Health Services.

Consider your learning style and your goals	for study and careers when you leave school to guide
you in your pathway and subject selection.	The following table may be a useful guide.

QCE	Learner Profile:	SENIOR STUDIES	Possible patterns of subject
Queensland		PATHWAY OPTIONS	choices:
Certificate of Education Students achieve their QCE through successful	You are a high performing, highly motivated, organised academic student who plans to study at University after graduating Year 12. You	Intensive Academic Pathway With achievement of the required results, this pathway may lead	Consider choosing either the International Baccalaureate Diploma Program (IBDP) OR 6 General subjects
completion of their subjects and/or certificates courses in Years 10, 11 and 12 to earn at least 20 credit points.	usually work hard and achieve A's and/or B's on your report card.	to direct entry to university after graduating Year 12. CHOOSE FROM: ATAR or International Baccalaureate	
Students MUST pass Maths and English AND study at		Diploma Programme (IBDP) pathway.	
and English AND study at least 3 subjects or a Certificate to earn the CORE credits.	You achieve good results, are organised and motivated to study and value tertiary studies at TAFE and/or University as an option after graduating Year 12. You usually work hard and achieve B's and C's on your report card but, due to your efforts and interests, you can earn A's too.	Tertiary Options Pathway With achievement of the required results, this pathway may lead to direct entry to TAFE or College for a Diploma or to university after graduating Year 12.	Consider selecting a minimum of 4 General ATAR subjects with flexible options for your other subjects. These may include an Applied subject and/or a Year 11 Monday study option such as a Diploma or Certificate course.
	You prefer hands-on learning and have specific areas of interest and strength. You may be interested in further studies at TAFE or entering the workforce.	Work Readiness Pathway This pathway may provide students with excellent preparation to transition from school to TAFE or the workforce after graduating school.	Consider selecting 6 Applied subjects or 5 Applied subjects with a TAFE or WYNMET course and/or a School-Based Apprenticeship or Traineeship.
	You prefer hands-on learning and have specific areas of interest and strength and possess a strong desire to enter the workforce after completing your Year 10 studies.	Life and Work Skills Pathway Students on this pathway will receive a very practical, skills- based education to prepare them with work readiness skills.	Consider selecting from the Applied Subjects, and/or a WYNMET course in Year 10, and/or seek assistance to gain a School-Based Traineeship.

Subject Offerings

Faculties	Year 9 (2023)	Year 10 (2024), Year 11 (2025) and Year 12 (2026)	
English	• English	 English Essential English Literature 	
Mathematics	Mathematics	 General Mathematics Mathematical Methods <i>Essential Mathematics</i> Specialist Mathematics 	
Science	 Agricultural Science or Science Agricultural Practices Animal Husbandry STEM 	 Biology Chemistry Marine Science Physics Agricultural Practices Science in Practice 	
Social Science	 Geography History Ancient History Work Studies 	 Ancient History Economics Geography Legal Studies Modern History Work, Social and Community Studies (including a Certificate II) Tourism 	
Physical Education	Health and Physical EducationRecreationSport Development		
Digital Technologies	 Digital Technologies 	 Information and Communication Technology 	
Business	• Business	AccountingBusinessBusiness Studies	
Creative Arts	 Dance Drama Media Arts in Practice Music Music in Practice Visual Art Visual Arts in Practice 	 Dance Drama Film, Television and New Media Music Music Extension (Year 12 only) Visual Art Media Arts in Practice Music in Practice Visual Arts in Practice 	
Languages	 Chinese French Japanese	ChineseFrenchJapanese	
Technology	 Applied Industrial Skills Design Food and Nutrition Hospitality Industrial Graphics Practical Textiles and Cookery Technology Metal Technology Wood 	 Design Food and Nutrition Building and Construction Skills Early Childhood Studies Engineering Skills Furnishing Skills Hospitality Practices Industrial Graphics Skills 	

*Year 10, 11 and 12 subjects in italics are Applied or VET subjects.

Prerequisites for Subjects in Years 10, 11 and 12

General Subjects	Prerequisites – Year 10	Prerequisites – Year 11	
Accounting	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Accounting	
Ancient History	Minimum C in Year 9 Humanities	Minimum C in Year 10 Ancient History	
Biology	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics and B in Year 9 Science or Agricultural Science	Minimum C in Year 10 Biology	
Business	Minimum C in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 Business	
Chemistry	Minimum C in Year 9 English and B in Year 9 Mathematics and B in Year 9 Science	Minimum C in Year 10 Chemistry	
Chinese	Minimum C in Year 9 Chinese	Minimum C in Year 10 Chinese	
Dance	Minimum C in Year 9 English and/or C in Year 9 Dance	Minimum C in Year 10 Dance and C in General English	
Design	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics or STEM	Minimum C in Year 10 Design	
Drama	Minimum C in Year 9 English and/or C in Year 9 Drama	Minimum C (Satisfactory) in Year 10 Drama and C in General English	
Economics	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Economics	
English	Minimum C+ in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 English	
Film, Television and	Minimum B in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 Film, Television and New	
New Media		Media and B in General English	
Food and Nutrition	Minimum C in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 Food and Nutrition	
French	Minimum C in Year 9 French	Minimum C in Year 10 French	
General Mathematics	Minimum B in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 General Mathematics	
Geography	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Geography	
Health	Minimum B in Year 9 English	Minimum C (Satisfactory) in Year 10 Health	
Japanese	Minimum C in Year 9 Japanese	Minimum C in Year 10 Japanese	
Legal Studies	Minimum C in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 Legal Studies	
Literature	Minimum B in Year 9 English and approval from teacher	Minimum C in Year 10 Literature	
Marine Science	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics and C in Year 9 Science or Agricultural Science	Minimum C in Year 10 Marine Science	
Mathematical Methods	Minimum A in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Mathematical Methods	
Modern History	Minimum C in Year 9 English and C in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Modern History	
Music	Minimum C in Year 9 English and/or C in Year 9 Music	Minimum C in Year 10 Music and C in General English	
Physical Education	Minimum B in Year 9 Physical Education/Sport Development and minimum of B in Year 9 English	Minimum C in Year 10 Physical Education	

General Subjects	Prerequisites – Year 10	Prerequisites – Year 11	
Physics	Minimum C in Year 9 English and B in Year 9 Mathematics and B in Year 9 Science	Minimum C in Year 10 Physics	
Specialist Mathematics	Minimum A in Year 9 Mathematics	Minimum C in Year 10 Specialist Mathematics	
Visual Art	Minimum C in Year 9 English and/or C in Year 9 Visual Art.	Minimum C in Year 10 Visual Art and C in General English	
Applied Subjects		Prerequisites	
Agricultural Practices		Nil	
Building and Construction	n Skills	Nil	
Business Studies		Nil	
Early Childhood Studies		Nil	
Engineering Skills		Nil	
Essential English		Nil	
Essential Mathematics		Students who have a C or below for Year 9 Mathematics should choose this course	
Furnishing Skills		Nil	
Hospitality Practices		Nil	
Industrial Graphics Skills		Nil	
Information and Communication Technology		Nil	
Media Arts in Practice		Nil	
Music in Practice		Nil	
Science in Practice		Nil	
Sport and Recreation		Nil	
Tourism		Nil	
Visual Art in Practice		Nil	
Work Social and Community studies		Nil	

Vocational Certificates	Prerequisites
Certificate II in Sport and Recreation/Certificate III in Fitness	Minimum C or better in Year 9 Physical Education or Sport Development and minimum C in English
Certificate II in Workplace Skills	Nil

Special Subject Advice

Biology

Fieldwork is a mandated requirement of the Senior Biology syllabus, with multiple mandatory fieldwork practicals specified in Unit 3: Biodiversity and the Interconnectedness of Life (Year 12). In Year 10, a field study will also be undertaken for Unit 2: Ecosystems and Classification. Each field trip will cost approximately \$30 - \$50.

Building and Construction Skills/Furnishing Skills/Engineering Skills

These subjects have practical work as the core of the learning. Practical work is also used for assessment (in conjunction with theory work). These subjects are conducted in workshops. If you have any medical conditions that might make this difficult, families should discuss this with the Head of Department before selecting the subject.

Additionally, families need to be aware that students will be using various hand tools, power tools and fixed machinery. While the school applies risk management procedures to all tasks, there is still an inherent risk in working with these tools and machines in a workshop environment. It is a requirement that all students and parents agree to the terms outlined in the safety guidelines given to students at the beginning of the year. As part of this process students will complete theory tasks and demonstrate competency with each machine before they operate it.

Certificate III Fitness/Certificate II Sport and Recreation

The course costs are now as follows:

VETiS Student	Non-VETiS Student
\$150	\$450

This includes:

- Binnacle Training Fee Certificate II Sport & Recreation
- Binnacle Training Fee Certificate III Fitness
- First Aid Certificate.

Early Childhood Studies

As part of the subject students will at times need to visit local day care centres and interact with the children as part of the assessment. While visits generally occur during class time, at times students may need to attend child care centres during their Options Day. Some assessment items require the creation of resources to use with children. Students will need to supply the craft or food items for these.

Materials for practical projects are supplied by the school for families participating in the Student Resource Scheme (SRS). If students wish to use alternative/additional materials these will need to be supplied by the student.

Food and Nutrition

Students will work in the kitchens as part of the subject. For experimental activities, ingredients will be supplied by the school. Ingredients for project trial work will need to be supplied by the student. The frequency of this varies with each unit, please contact the Head of Department if you would like more information about this.

Students will be using various kitchen utensils (knives), and electrical appliances (frypans, beaters etc). It is a requirement that all students and parents agree to the terms outlined in the

safety guidelines given to students at the beginning of the year. Students will complete a theory component and demonstrate competency with each utensil/appliance before they use it.

Geography

Fieldwork is a mandated requirement of the Senior Geography syllabus, with one field study specified in Unit 3 Topic 2: Responding to local land cover transformation (Year 12). A minimum of five hours must be spent in the field for this specified field study. It is recommended that a field study also be conducted in Unit 2 Topic 1: Challenges facing a place in Australia (Year 11). In Year 10, a field study will also be undertaken for Unit 2: Sustainable places. Each field trip will cost approximately \$30 - \$50.

Health

In Unit 3, students will be completing a unit on Road Trauma. In this unit, students will have an opportunity to attend the PARTY program, which is run in conjunction with Queensland Health at the Princess Alexandra Hospital. The cost for this excursion is approximately \$20, which will be confirmed closer to the date.

Hospitality Practices

A major portion of the subject is participation in practical areas. Students will be required to provide ingredients on a regular basis (once a week) for individual 'take home' cookery.

Some assessment items are in the form of a student's performance as part of team preparing for and/or delivering hospitality events. Students will need to attend functions across the year as part of this assessment. These are generally held on school grounds, but are often outside of usual class times and in the evenings. When working at functions students will need to wear long black pants and white blouse or shirt.

Students will be using various kitchen utensils (knives), and electrical appliances (frypans, beaters etc). It is a requirement that all students and parents agree to the terms outlined in the safety guidelines given to students at the beginning of the year. Students will complete a theory component and demonstrate competency with each utensil/appliance before they use it.

Marine Science

Fieldwork is a mandated requirement of the Senior Marine Science syllabus, with multiple mandatory fieldwork practicals specified in Unit 3 Marine systems – connections and change (Year 12). It is recommended that a field study also be conducted across Units 1 and 2 (Year 11). In Year 10, a field study will also be undertaken for Unit 2: Marine Systems. Each field trip will cost approximately \$30 - \$50.

Mathematical Methods and Specialist Mathematics

Please note that these subjects require a graphics calculator

Work Studies

A key part of the Work Studies program is participation in a related Certificate II course with an external RTO. Successful completion of this may lead to 4 QCE points. Work Studies therefore attracts additional fees of \$240.00 to cover the cost of the Certificate II course. Students will also need to engage with 20 hours of compulsory placement/volunteering throughout the year.

Instrumental Music

Please note that there is an additional resource charge of \$100 for students who are accepted into this program. Choir fees are included in this program.

Choir

Please note that there is an additional resource charge of \$25 for Choir students who are not enrolled in the Instrumental Music Program.

General Mathematics

General senior subject

General Mathematics' major domains are Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices, building on the content of the P–10 Australian Curriculum.

General Mathematics is designed for students who want to extend their mathematical skills beyond Year 10 but whose future studies or employment pathways do not require calculus.

Students build on and develop key mathematical ideas, including rates and percentages, concepts from financial mathematics, linear and non-linear expressions, sequences, the use of matrices and networks to model and solve authentic problems, the use of trigonometry to find solutions to practical problems, and the exploration of real-world phenomena in statistics.

Students engage in a practical approach that equips learners for their needs as future citizens. They learn to ask appropriate questions, map out pathways, reason about complex solutions, set up models and communicate in different forms. They experience the relevance of mathematics to their daily lives, communities and cultural backgrounds. They develop the ability to understand, analyse and take action regarding social issues in their world.

Pathways

A course of study in General Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business, commerce, education, finance, IT, social science and the arts.

Objectives

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number and algebra, Measurement and geometry, Statistics, and Networks and matrices.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Money, measurement and relations Consumer arithmetic Shape and measurement Linear equations and their graphs 	 Applied trigonometry, algebra, matrices and univariate data Applications of trigonometry Algebra and matrices Univariate data analysis 	 Bivariate data, sequences and change, and Earth geometry Bivariate data analysis Time series analysis Growth and decay in sequences Earth geometry and time zones 	 Investing and networking Loans, investments and annuities Graphs and networks Networks and decision mathematics

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination				

Mathematical Methods

General senior subject

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General

Mathematical Methods' major domains are Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

Mathematical Methods enables students to see the connections between mathematics and other areas of the curriculum and apply their mathematical skills to real-world problems, becoming critical thinkers, innovators and problem-solvers.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, and build on algebra, functions and their graphs, and probability from the P–10 Australian Curriculum. Calculus is essential for developing an understanding of the physical world. The domain Statistics is used to describe and analyse phenomena involving uncertainty and variation. Both are the basis for developing effective models of the world and solving complex and abstract mathematical problems.

Students develop the ability to translate written, numerical, algebraic, symbolic and graphical information from one representation to another. They make complex use of factual knowledge to successfully formulate, represent and solve mathematical problems.

Pathways

A course of study in Mathematical Methods can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of natural and physical sciences (especially physics and chemistry), mathematics and science education, medical and health sciences (including human biology, biomedical science, nanoscience and forensics), engineering (including chemical, civil, electrical and mechanical engineering, avionics, communications and mining), computer science (including electronics and software design), psychology and business.

Objectives

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Algebra, Functions, relations and their graphs, Calculus and Statistics.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Algebra, statistics and functions Arithmetic and geometric sequences and series 1 Functions and graphs Counting and probability Exponential functions 1 Arithmetic and geometric sequences 	 Calculus and further functions Exponential functions 2 The logarithmic function 1 Trigonometric functions 1 Introduction to differential calculus Further differentiation and applications 1 Discrete random variables 1 	 Further calculus The logarithmic function 2 Further differentiation and applications 2 Integrals 	 Further functions and statistics Further differentiation and applications 3 Trigonometric functions 2 Discrete random variables 2 Continuous random variables and the normal distribution Interval estimates for proportions

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3	it 3			
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination				

Specialist Mathematics

General senior subject

General

Specialist Mathematics' major domains are Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

Specialist Mathematics is designed for students who develop confidence in their mathematical knowledge and ability, and gain a positive view of themselves as mathematics learners. They will gain an appreciation of the true nature of mathematics, its beauty and its power.

Students learn topics that are developed systematically, with increasing levels of sophistication, complexity and connection, building on functions, calculus, statistics from Mathematical Methods, while vectors, complex numbers and matrices are introduced. Functions and calculus are essential for creating models of the physical world. Statistics are used to describe and analyse phenomena involving probability, uncertainty and variation. Matrices, complex numbers and vectors are essential tools for explaining abstract or complex relationships that occur in scientific and technological endeavours.

Student learning experiences range from practising essential mathematical routines to developing procedural fluency, through to investigating scenarios, modelling the real world, solving problems and explaining reasoning.

Pathways

A course of study in Specialist Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, all branches of mathematics and statistics, computer science, medicine, engineering, finance and economics.

Objectives

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Vectors and matrices, Real and complex numbers, Trigonometry, Statistics and Calculus.

Specialist Mathematics is to be undertaken in conjunction with, or on completion of, Mathematical Methods.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Combinatorics, vectors and proof • Combinatorics • Vectors in the plane • Introduction to proof	Complex numbers, trigonometry, functions and matrices • Complex numbers 1 • Trigonometry and functions • Matrices	Mathematical induction, and further vectors, matrices and complex numbers • Proof by mathematical induction • Vectors and matrices • Complex numbers 2	 Further statistical and calculus inference Integration and applications of integration Rates of change and differential equations Statistical inference

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Problem-solving and modelling task	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Examination	15%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination	15%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

Essential Mathematics

Applied senior subject

Essential Mathematics' major domains are Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

Essential Mathematics benefits students because they develop skills that go beyond the traditional ideas of numeracy.

Students develop their conceptual understanding when they undertake tasks that require them to connect mathematical concepts, operations and relations. They learn to recognise definitions, rules and facts from everyday mathematics and data, and to calculate using appropriate mathematical processes.

Students interpret and use mathematics to make informed predictions and decisions about personal and financial priorities. This is achieved through an emphasis on estimation, problem-solving and reasoning, which develops students into thinking citizens.

Pathways

A course of study in Essential Mathematics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of trade, industry, business and community services. Students learn within a practical context related to general employment and successful participation in society, drawing on the mathematics used by various professional and industry groups.

Objectives

- select, recall and use facts, rules, definitions and procedures drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- comprehend mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance
- communicate using mathematical, statistical and everyday language and conventions
- evaluate the reasonableness of solutions
- justify procedures and decisions by explaining mathematical reasoning
- solve problems by applying mathematical concepts and techniques drawn from Number, Data, Location and time, Measurement and Finance.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Number, data and graphs	Money, travel and data	Measurement, scales and data	Graphs, chance and loans
 Fundamental topic: Calculations 	 Fundamental topic: Calculations 	Fundamental topic: Calculations	Fundamental topic: Calculations
 Number 	 Managing money 	 Measurement 	 Bivariate graphs
Representing dataGraphs	Time and motionData collection	 Scales, plans and models 	 Probability and relative frequencies
•		Summarising and comparing data	Loans and compound interest

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1):	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):
• Problem-solving and modelling task	• Problem-solving and modelling task
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2):	Summative internal assessment (IA4):
• Common internal assessment (CIA)	• Examination

English General senior subject

English focuses on the study of both literary texts and non-literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied texts.

Students are offered opportunities to interpret and create texts for personal, cultural, social and aesthetic purposes. They learn how language varies according to context, purpose and audience, content, modes and mediums, and how to use it appropriately and effectively for a variety of purposes. Students have opportunities to engage with diverse texts to help them develop a sense of themselves, their world and their place in it.

Students communicate effectively in Standard Australian English for the purposes of responding to and creating texts. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies for participating actively in literary analysis and the creation of texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms, for a variety of purposes and audiences. They explore how literary and non-literary texts shape perceptions of the world, and consider ways in which texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in English promotes openmindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Perspectives and texts Examining and creating perspectives in texts Responding to a variety of non-literary and literary texts Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts 	 Texts and culture Examining and shaping representations of culture in texts Responding to literary and non- literary texts, including a focus on Australian texts Creating imaginative and analytical texts 	 Textual connections Exploring connections between texts Examining different perspectives of the same issue in texts and shaping own perspectives Creating responses for public audiences and persuasive texts 	 Close study of literary texts Engaging with literary texts from diverse times and places Responding to literary texts creatively and critically Creating imaginative and analytical texts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
 Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): Extended response — written response for a public audience 	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3):Examination — imaginative written response	25%
 Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Extended response — persuasive spoken response 	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):Examination — analytical written response	25%

Literature General senior subject

Literature focuses on the study of literary texts, developing students as independent, innovative and creative learners and thinkers who appreciate the aesthetic use of language, analyse perspectives and evidence, and challenge ideas and interpretations through the analysis and creation of varied literary texts.

Students engage with language and texts through a range of teaching and learning experiences to foster the skills to communicate effectively. They make choices about generic structures, language, textual features and technologies to participate actively in the dialogue and detail of literary analysis and the creation of imaginative and analytical texts in a range of modes, mediums and forms.

Students explore how literary texts shape perceptions of the world and enable us to enter the worlds of others. They explore ways in which literary texts may reflect or challenge social and cultural ways of thinking and influence audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in Literature promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- establish and maintain roles of the writer/speaker/signer/designer and relationships with audiences
- create and analyse perspectives and representations of concepts, identities, times and places
- make use of and analyse the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and invite audiences to take up positions
- use aesthetic features and stylistic devices to achieve purposes and analyse their effects in texts
- select and synthesise subject matter to support perspectives
- organise and sequence subject matter to achieve particular purposes
- use cohesive devices to emphasise ideas and connect parts of texts
- make language choices for particular purposes and contexts
- use grammar and language structures for particular purposes
- use mode-appropriate features to achieve particular purposes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Introduction to literary studies Ways literary texts are received and responded to How textual choices affect readers Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	 Texts and culture Ways literary texts connect with each other — genre, concepts and contexts Ways literary texts connect with each other — style and structure Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	 Literature and identity Relationship between language, culture and identity in literary texts Power of language to represent ideas, events and people Creating analytical and imaginative texts 	 Independent explorations Dynamic nature of literary interpretation Close examination of style, structure and subject matter Creating analytical and imaginative texts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — analytical written response	25%	 Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Extended response — imaginative written response 	25%
 Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Extended response — imaginative spoken/multimodal response 	25%	Summative external assessment (EA):Examination — analytical written response	25%

Essential English

Applied senior subject

Essential English develops and refines students' understanding of language, literature and literacy to enable them to interact confidently and effectively with others in everyday, community and social contexts. Students recognise language and texts as relevant in their lives now and in the future and learn to understand, accept or challenge the values and attitudes in these texts.

Students engage with language and texts to foster skills to communicate confidently and effectively in Standard Australian English in a variety of contemporary contexts and social situations, including everyday, social, community, further education and workrelated contexts. They choose generic structures, language, language features and technologies to best convey meaning. They develop skills to read for meaning and purpose, and to use, critique and appreciate a range of contemporary literary and nonliterary texts.

Students use language effectively to produce texts for a variety of purposes and audiences and engage creative and imaginative thinking to explore their own world and the worlds of others. They actively and critically interact with a range of texts, developing an awareness of how the language they engage with positions them and others.

Pathways

A course of study in Essential English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

Objectives

- use patterns and conventions of genres to achieve particular purposes in cultural contexts and social situations
- use appropriate roles and relationships with audiences
- construct and explain representations of identities, places, events and concepts
- make use of and explain the ways cultural assumptions, attitudes, values and beliefs underpin texts and influence meaning
- explain how language features and text structures shape meaning and invite particular responses
- select and use subject matter to support perspectives
- sequence subject matter and use modeappropriate cohesive devices to construct coherent texts
- make mode-appropriate language choices according to register informed by purpose, audience and context
- use language features to achieve particular purposes across modes.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Language that worksResponding to a	Texts and human experiences	Language that influences	Representations and popular culture texts
variety of texts used in and developed for a work contextCreating multimodal and written texts	 Responding to reflective and nonfiction texts that explore human experiences Creating spoken and written texts 	 Creating and shaping perspectives on community, local and global issues in texts Responding to texts that seek to influence audiences 	 Responding to popular culture texts Creating representations of Australian identifies, places, events and concepts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. Schools develop three summative internal assessments and the common internal assessment (CIA) is developed by the QCAA.

Unit 3	Unit 4
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Extended response — spoken/signed response	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response — Multimodal response
 Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Common internal assessment (CIA) — short response examination 	Summative internal assessment (IA4): • Extended response — Written response

Accounting General senior subject

Accounting provides opportunities for students to develop an understanding of the essential role accounting plays in the successful performance of any organisation. It involves systematically organising, critically analysing and communicating financial data and information for decisionmaking.

Students learn fundamental accounting concepts in order to understand accrual accounting, managerial and accounting controls, internal and external financial statements, and ratio analysis. They synthesise financial and other information, evaluate accounting practices, solve authentic accounting problems, and make and communicate recommendations.

Students develop numerical, literacy, technical, financial, critical thinking, decisionmaking and problem-solving skills. They develop an understanding of the ethical attitudes and values required to participate effectively and responsibly in a changing business environment.

Pathways

A course of study in Accounting can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of accounting, business, management, banking, finance, law, economics and commerce.

Objectives

- comprehend accounting concepts, principles and processes
- apply accounting principles and processes
- analyse and interpret financial data and information
- evaluate accounting practices to make decisions and propose recommendations
- synthesise and solve accounting problems
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Real world accounting Accounting for a service business — cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and no GST End-of-month reporting for a service business — no GST 	 Management effectiveness Accounting for a trading GST business End-of-year reporting for a trading GST business 	 Monitoring a business Managing resources for a trading GST business Fully classified financial statement reporting for a trading GST business 	 Accounting — the big picture Cash management Complete accounting process for a trading GST business Performance analysis of a public company

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — cash management	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — short response 	25%

Ancient History General senior subject

Ancient History provides opportunities for students to study people, societies and civilisations of the past, from the development of the earliest human communities to the end of the Middle Ages. Students explore the interaction of societies, the impact of individuals and groups on ancient events and ways of life, and study the development of some features of modern society, such as social organisation, systems of law, governance and religion.

Students analyse and interpret archaeological and written evidence. They develop increasingly sophisticated skills and understandings of historical issues and problems by interrogating the surviving evidence of ancient sites, societies, individuals and significant historical periods. They investigate the problematic nature of evidence, pose increasingly complex questions about the past and formulate reasoned responses.

Students gain multi-disciplinary skills in analysing textual and visual sources, constructing arguments, challenging assumptions, and thinking both creatively and critically.

Pathways

A course of study in Ancient History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of archaeology, history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, health and social sciences, writing, academia and research.

Objectives

- comprehend terms, issues and concepts
- devise historical questions and conduct research
- analyse evidence from historical sources to show understanding
- synthesise evidence from historical sources to form a historical argument
- evaluate evidence from historical sources to make judgments
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Investigating the ancient world • Digging up the past • Ancient societies — Ancient China in the Qin and Han Dynasties (221 BCE – 220 CE)	 Personalities in their time Hatshepsut Akhenaten 	 Reconstructing the ancient world Pompeii and Herculaneum The 'Fall' of the Western Roman Empire 	People, power and authority Schools choose one study of power from: • Ancient Rome — the Punic Wars QCAA will nominate one topic that will be the basis for an external examination from: • Thutmose III • Rameses II • Themistokles • Alkibiades • Scipio Africanus • Caesar • Augustus

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
 Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): Examination — essay in response to historical sources 	25%	 Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Investigation — historical essay based on research 	25%
 Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Investigation — independent source investigation 	25%	 Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — short responses to historical sources 	25%

Business General senior subject

Business provides opportunities for students to develop business knowledge and skills to contribute meaningfully to society, the workforce and the marketplace and prepares them as potential employees, employers, leaders, managers and entrepreneurs.

Students investigate the business life cycle, develop skills in examining business data and information and learn business concepts, theories, processes and strategies relevant to leadership, management and entrepreneurship. They investigate the influence of, and implications for, strategic development in the functional areas of finance, human resources, marketing and operations.

Students use a variety of technological, communication and analytical tools to comprehend, analyse, interpret and synthesise business data and information. They engage with the dynamic business world (in both national and global contexts), the changing workforce and emerging digital technologies.

Pathways

A course of study in Business can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of business management, business development, entrepreneurship, business analytics, economics, business law, accounting and finance, international business, marketing, human resources management and business information systems.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- describe business environments and situations
- explain business concepts, strategies and processes
- select and analyse business data and information
- interpret business relationships, patterns and trends to draw conclusions
- evaluate business practices and strategies to make decisions and propose recommendations
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose and audience.

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Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Business creation Fundamentals of business Creation of business ideas 	Business growthEstablishment of a businessEntering markets	Business diversification • Competitive markets • Strategic development	 Business evolution Repositioning a business Transformation of a business

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response — feasibility report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — business report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Economics General senior subject

Economics encourages students to think deeply about the global challenges facing individuals, business and government, including how to allocate and distribute scarce resources to maximise well-being.

Students develop knowledge and cognitive skills to comprehend, apply analytical processes and use economic knowledge. They examine data and information to determine validity, and consider economic policies from various perspectives. They use economic models and analytical tools to investigate and evaluate outcomes to draw conclusions.

Students study opportunity costs, economic models and the market forces of demand and supply. They dissect and interpret the complex nature of international economic relationships and the dynamics of Australia's place in the global economy. They develop intellectual flexibility, digital literacy and economic thinking skills.

Pathways

A course of study in Economics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of economics, econometrics, management, data analytics, business, accounting, finance, actuarial science, law and political science.

Economics is an excellent complement for students who want to solve real-world science or environmental problems and participate in government policy debates. It provides a competitive advantage for career options where students are aiming for management roles and developing their entrepreneurial skills to create business opportunities as agents of innovation.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- comprehend economic concepts, principles and models
- select data and economic information from sources
- analyse economic issues
- evaluate economic outcomes
- create responses that communicate economic meaning.

General

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Markets and models The basic economic problem Economic flows Market forces 	 Modified markets Markets and efficiency Case options of market measures and strategies 	 International economics The global economy International economic issues 	 Contemporary macroeconomics Macroeconomic objectives and theory Economic management

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	 Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Examination — extended response to stimulus 	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — research report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Geography General senior subject

Geography focuses on the significance of 'place' and 'space' in understanding our world. Students engage in a range of learning experiences that develop their geographical skills and thinking through the exploration of geographical challenges and their effects on people, places and the environment.

Students investigate places in Australia and across the globe to observe and measure spatial, environmental, economic, political, social and cultural factors. They interpret global concerns and challenges including responding to risk in hazard zones, planning sustainable places, managing land cover transformations and planning for population change. They develop an understanding of the complexities involved in sustainable planning and management practices.

Students observe, gather, organise, analyse and present data and information across a range of scales. They engage in real-world applications of geographical skills and thinking, including the collection and representation of data.

Pathways

A course of study in Geography can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of urban and environmental design, planning and management; biological and environmental science; conservation and land management; emergency response and hazard management; oceanography, surveying, global security, economics, business, law, engineering, architecture, information technology, and science.

Objectives

- explain geographical processes
- comprehend geographic patterns
- analyse geographical data and information
- apply geographical understanding
- synthesise information from the analysis to propose action
- communicate geographical understanding.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Responding to risk and vulnerability in hazard zones Natural hazard zones Ecological hazard zones 	 Planning sustainable places Responding to challenges facing a place in Australia Managing the challenges facing a megacity 	 Responding to land cover transformations Land cover transformations and climate change Responding to local land cover transformations 	 Managing population change Population challenges in Australia Global population change

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation — data report	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — field report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Legal Studies General senior subject

Legal Studies focuses on the interaction between society and the discipline of law and explores the role and development of law in response to current issues. Students study the legal system and how it regulates activities and aims to protect the rights of individuals, while balancing these with obligations and responsibilities.

Students study the foundations of law, the criminal justice process and the civil justice system. They critically examine issues of governance, explore contemporary issues of law reform and change, and consider Australian and international human rights issues.

Students develop skills of inquiry, critical thinking, problem-solving and reasoning to make informed and ethical decisions and recommendations. They identify and describe legal issues, explore information and data, analyse, evaluate to make decisions or propose recommendations, and create responses that convey legal meaning. They question, explore and discuss tensions between changing social values, justice and equitable outcomes.

Pathways

A course of study in Legal Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of law, law enforcement, criminology, justice studies and politics. The knowledge, skills and attitudes students gain are transferable to all discipline areas and post-schooling tertiary pathways. The research and analytical skills this course develops are universally valued in business, health, science and engineering industries.

Objectives

- comprehend legal concepts, principles and processes
- select legal information from sources
- analyse legal issues
- evaluate legal situations
- create responses that communicate meaning.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Beyond reasonable doubt	Balance of probabilities	Law, governance and change	Human rights in legal contexts
 Legal foundations Criminal investigation process Criminal trial process Punishment and sentencing 	 Civil law foundations Contractual obligations Negligence and the duty of care 	 Governance in Australia Law reform within a dynamic society 	 Human rights The effectiveness of international law Human rights in Australian contexts

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — combination response	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Investigation — argumentative essay	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — inquiry report	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Modern History General senior subject

Modern History provides opportunities for students to gain historical knowledge and understanding about some of the main forces that have contributed to the development of the Modern World and to think historically and form a historical consciousness in relation to these same forces.

Modern History enables students to empathise with others and make meaningful connections between the past, present and possible futures.

Students learn that the past is contestable and tentative. Through inquiry into ideas, movements, national experiences and international experiences they discover how the past consists of various perspectives and interpretations.

Students gain a range of transferable skills that will help them become empathetic and critically-literate citizens who are equipped to embrace a multicultural, pluralistic, inclusive, democratic, compassionate and sustainable future.

Pathways

A course of study in Modern History can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of history, education, psychology, sociology, law, business, economics, politics, journalism, the media, writing, academia and strategic analysis.

Objectives

- comprehend terms, concepts and issues
- devise historical questions and conduct research
- analyse evidence from historical sources to show understanding
- synthesise evidence from historical sources to form a historical argument
- evaluate evidence from historical sources to make judgments
- create responses that communicate meaning to suit purpose.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Ideas in the modern world Russian Revolution, 1905–1920s Arab Spring since 2010 	 Movements in the modern world Australian Indigenous rights movement since 1967 Anti-apartheid movement in South Africa, 1948–1991 	National experiences in the modern world • China, 1931–1976 • Israel, 1948–1993	 International experiences in the modern world Australian engagement with Asia since 1945

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4 Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): 25%		
 Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): Examination — essay in response to historical sources 	25%	 Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Investigation — historical essay based on research 	25%	
 Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Investigation — independent source investigation 	25%	 Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — short responses to historical sources 	25%	

Business Studies

Applied senior subject

Business Studies provides opportunities for students to develop practical business knowledge and skills for use, participation and work in a range of business contexts. Exciting and challenging career opportunities exist in a range of business contexts.

A course of study in Business Studies focuses on business essentials and communication skills delivered through business contexts. Students explore business concepts and develop business practices to produce solutions to business situations.

Business practices provide the foundation of an organisation to enable it to operate and connect with its customers, stakeholders and community. The business practices explored in this course of study could include working in administration, working in finance, working with customers, working in marketing, working in events, and entrepreneurship.

In a course of study, students develop their business knowledge and understanding through applying business practices in business contexts, such as retail, health services, entertainment, tourism, travel and mining. Schools may offer a range of situations and experiences to engage in authentic learning experiences through connections within the school, local community or organisations, businesses and professionals outside of the school. These situations and experiences provide students with opportunities to develop skills important in the workplace to successfully participate in future employment.

Students develop effective decision-making skills and learn how to plan, implement and evaluate business practices, solutions and outcomes, resulting in improved literacy, numeracy and 21st century skills. They examine business information and apply their knowledge and skills related to business situations. The knowledge and skills developed in Business Studies enables students to participate effectively in the business world and as citizens dealing with issues emanating from business activities.

Pathways

A course of study in Business Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in office administration, data entry, retail, sales, reception, small business, finance administration, public relations, property management, events administration and marketing.

Objectives

By the end of the course of study, students should:

- explain business concepts, processes and practices
- examine business information
- apply business knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects.

The Business Studies course is designed around core and elective topics. The elective learning occurs through business contexts.

Core topics	Elective topics	
 Business practices, consisting of Business fundamentals, Financial literacy, Business communication and Business technology Business functions, consisting of Working in administration, Working in finance, Working with customers and Working in marketing 	 Entertainment Events management Financial services Health and well-being Insurance Legal Media Mining 	 Not-for-profit Real estate Retail Rural Sports management Technical, e.g. manufacturing, construction, engineering Tourism Travel

Assessment

For Business Studies, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments from at least three different assessment techniques, including:

- at least one project
- no more than two assessment instruments from any one technique.

Project	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
At least two different components from the following: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal: 3–6 minutes • performance: continuous class time • product: continuous class time.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal: 4–7 minutes.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item on the test

Tourism Applied senior subject

Tourism is one of the world's largest industries and one of Australia's most important industries, contributing to gross domestic product and employment.

The term 'tourism industry' describes the complex and diverse businesses and associated activities that provide goods and services to tourists who may be engaging in travel for a range of reasons, including leisure and recreation, work, health and wellbeing, and family.

This subject is designed to give students opportunities to develop a variety of intellectual, technical, creative, operational and workplace skills. It enables students to gain an appreciation of the role of the tourism industry and the structure, scope and operation of the related tourism sectors of travel, hospitality and visitor services.

In Tourism, students examine the sociocultural, environmental and economic aspects of tourism, as well as opportunities and challenges across global, national and local contexts. Tourism provides opportunities for Queensland students to develop understandings that are geographically and culturally significant to them by, for example, investigating tourism activities related to local Aboriginal communities and Torres Strait Islander communities.

The core of Tourism focuses on the practices and approaches of tourism and tourism as an industry; the social,

environmental, cultural and economic impacts of tourism; client groups and their needs and wants, and sustainable approaches in tourism. The core learning is embedded in each unit. The objectives allow students to develop and apply tourismrelated knowledge through learning experiences and assessment in which they plan projects, analyse challenges and opportunities, make decisions, and reflect on processes and outcomes.

Pathways

A course of study in Tourism can establish a basis for further education and employment in businesses and industries such as tourist attractions, cruising, gaming, government and industry organisations, meeting and events coordination, caravan parks, marketing, museums and galleries, tour operations, wineries, cultural liaison, tourism and leisure industry development, and transport and travel.

Objectives

- explain tourism principles, concepts and practices
- examine tourism data and information
- apply tourism knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects.

The Tourism course is designed around interrelated core topics and electives.

Core topics	Elective topics	
 Tourism as an industry The travel experience Sustainable tourism	 Technology and tourism Forms of tourism Tourist destinations and attractions 	Tourism marketingTypes of tourismTourism client groups

Assessment

For Tourism, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments from at least three different assessment techniques, including:

- one project
- one examination
- no more than two assessments from each technique.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
At least two different components from the following: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3–6 minutes • performance: continuous class time • product: continuous class time.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Work, Social & Community Studies

Applied senior subject

In Year 10, students focus on Work Studies and investigating the nature and function of work, with an embedded Certificate II course. In Years 11 and 12, students focus on Social and Community Studies.

Social & Community Studies fosters personal and social knowledge and skills that lead to self-management and concern for others in the broader community. It empowers students to think critically, creatively and constructively about their future role in society.

Knowledge and skills to enhance personal development and social relationships provide the foundation of the subject. Personal development incorporates concepts and skills related to self-awareness and self-management, including understanding personal characteristics, behaviours and values; recognising perspectives; analysing personal traits and abilities; and using strategies to develop and maintain wellbeing.

The focus on social relationships includes concepts and skills to assist students engage in constructive interpersonal relationships, as well as participate effectively as members of society, locally, nationally or internationally.

Students engage with this foundational knowledge and skills through a variety of topics that focus on lifestyle choices, personal finance, health, employment, technology, the arts, and Australia's place in the world, among others. In collaborative learning environments, students use an inquiry approach to investigate the dynamics of society and the benefits of working thoughtfully with others in the community, providing them with the knowledge and skills to establish positive relationships and networks, and to be active and informed citizens.

Social & Community Studies encourages students to explore and refine personal values and lifestyle choices. In partnership with families, the school community and the community beyond school, including virtual communities, schools may offer a range of contexts and experiences that provide students with opportunities to practise, develop and value social, community and workplace participation skills.

Pathways

A course of study in Social & Community Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment, as it helps students develop the skills and attributes necessary in all workplaces.

Objectives

- explain personal and social concepts and skills
- examine personal and social information
- apply personal and social knowledge
- communicate responses
- evaluate projects.

Social & Community Studies is a four-unit course of study. This syllabus contains six QCAAdeveloped units as options for schools to select from to develop their course of study.

Unit option	Unit title
Unit option A	Lifestyle and financial choices
Unit option B	Healthy choices for mind and body
Unit option C	Relationships and work environments
Unit option D	Legal and digital citizenship

Assessment

Students complete two assessment tasks for each unit. The assessment techniques used in Social & Community Studies are:

Technique	Description	Response requirements
Project	Students develop recommendations or provide advice to address a selected issue related to the unit context.	 Item of communication One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Spoken: up to 4 minutes, or signed equivalent Written: up to 800 words Evaluation One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 4 minutes, 6 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Spoken: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent Written: up to 3 minutes, or signed equivalent
Extended response	Students respond to stimulus related to issue that is relevant to the unit context.	 One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent Written: up to 1000 words
Investigation	Students investigate an issue relevant to the unit context by collecting and examining information to consider solutions and form a response.	 One of the following: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Spoken: up to 7 minutes, or signed equivalent Written: up to 1000 words

Costs

In Year 10 \$240.00 Certificate II Course in a relevant area of study. The cost will be invoiced in Term One of Year 10.

Design General senior subject

Design focuses on the application of design thinking to envisage creative products, services and environments in response to human needs, wants and opportunities. Designing is a complex and sophisticated form of problem-solving that uses divergent and convergent thinking strategies that can be practised and improved. Designers are separated from the constraints of production processes to allow them to appreciate and exploit new innovative ideas.

Students learn how design has influenced the economic, social and cultural environment in which they live. They understand the agency of humans in conceiving and imagining possible futures through design. Collaboration, teamwork and communication are crucial skills needed to work in design teams and liaise with stakeholders. They learn the value of creativity and build resilience as they experience iterative design processes, where the best ideas may be the result of trial and error and a willingness to take risks and experiment with alternatives.

Students learn about and experience design through exploring needs, wants and opportunities; developing ideas and design concepts; using drawing and low-fidelity prototyping skills; and evaluating ideas and design concepts. They communicate design proposals to suit different audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in Design can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of architecture, digital media design, fashion design, graphic design, industrial design, interior design and landscape architecture. General

Objectives

- describe design problems and design criteria
- represent ideas, design concepts and design information using drawing and low-fidelity prototyping
- analyse needs, wants and opportunities using data
- devise ideas in response to design problems
- synthesise ideas and design information to propose design concepts
- evaluate ideas and design concepts to make refinements
- make decisions about and use modeappropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Design in practiceExperiencing designDesign processDesign styles	 Commercial design Explore — client needs and wants Develop — collaborative design 	Human-centred designDesigning with empathy	 Sustainable design Explore — sustainable design opportunities Develop — redesign

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — design challenge	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project	35%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — design challenge	25%

Food & Nutrition General senior subject

Food & Nutrition is the study of food in the context of food science, nutrition and food technologies, in conjunction with study of the food system.

Students explore the chemical and functional properties of nutrients to create food solutions that maintain the beneficial nutritive values. This knowledge is fundamental for continued development of a safe and sustainable food system that can produce high quality, nutritious solutions with an extended shelf life. Their studies of the food system include the sectors of production, processing, distribution, consumption, research and development and the overarching principles of waste management, sustainability and food protection that have an impact on all sectors of the food system.

Students actively engage in a food and nutrition problem-solving process to create food solutions that contribute positively to preferred personal, social, ethical, economic, environmental, legal, sustainable and technological futures.

Using a problem-based learning approach, students learn to apply their food science, nutrition and technologies knowledge to solve real-world food and nutrition problems. Students will integrate and use new and existing knowledge to make decisions and solve problems through investigation, experimentation and analysis.

Food & Nutrition is inclusive of students' needs, interests and aspirations. It challenges students to think about, respond to, and create solutions for contemporary problems in food and nutrition.

Pathways

A course of study in Food & Nutrition can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, technology, engineering and health.

Objectives

- recognise and describe food and nutrition facts and principles
- explain food and nutrition ideas and problems
- analyse problems, information and data
- determine solution requirements and criteria
- synthesise information and data
- generate solutions to provide data to determine the feasibility of the solution
- evaluate and refine ideas and solutions to make justified recommendations for enhancement
- make decisions about and use modeappropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Food science of vitamins, minerals and protein Introduction to the food system Vitamins and minerals Protein Developing food solutions 	 Food drivers and emerging trends Consumer food drivers Sensory profiling Labelling and food safety Food formulation for consumer markets 	Food science of carbohydrate and fat • The food system • Carbohydrate • Fat • Developing food solutions	 Food solution development for nutrition consumer markets Formulation and reformulation for nutrition consumer markets Food development process

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — folio	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): Examination 	25%

Building & Construction Skills

Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian building and construction industries to construct structures. The building and construction industry transforms raw materials into structures wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong building and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Building & Construction Skills includes the study of the building and construction industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through, trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by building and construction enterprises to manage the construction of structures from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to construct structures. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of highquality structures at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and civil construction industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes and organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the structures they construct. The majority of learning is done through construction tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Building & Construction Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in civil, residential or commercial building and construction fields. These include roles such as bricklayer, plasterer, concreter, painter and decorator, carpenter, joiner, roof tiler, plumber, steel fixer, landscaper and electrician.

Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

The Building & Construction Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
Industry practicesConstruction processes	Carpentry plus at least two other electives: • Bricklaying • Concreting • Landscaping • Plastering and painting • Tiling.

Assessment

For Building and Construction Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3–6 minutes • product: continous class time.	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Engineering Skills

Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by the Australian manufacturing industry to produce products. The manufacturing industry transform raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Engineering Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and engineering industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by manufacturing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the structural, transport and manufacturing engineering industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate safe practical production processes using hand and power tools, machinery and equipment. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Engineering Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in engineering trades. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found, for example, as a sheet metal worker, metal fabricator, welder, maintenance fitter, metal machinist, locksmith, air-conditioning mechanic, refrigeration mechanic or automotive mechanic.

Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and structures
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

The Engineering Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
Industry practicesProduction processes	Fitting and machiningSheet metal workingWelding and fabrication

Assessment

For Engineering Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3–6 minutes • product: continous class time.	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Furnishing Skills Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with traditional and contemporary tools and materials used by Australian manufacturing industries to produce products. The manufacturing industry transforms raw materials into products wanted by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Furnishing Skills includes the study of the manufacturing and furnishing industry's practices and production processes through students' application in, and through trade learning contexts. Industry practices are used by furnishing enterprises to manage the manufacture of products from raw materials. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to produce products. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet customer expectations of product quality at a specific price and time.

Applied learning in manufacturing tasks supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the domestic, commercial and bespoke furnishing industries. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices, interpret drawings and technical information and demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes using hand/power tools and machinery. They communicate using oral, written and graphical modes, organise, calculate, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes and the products they produce. The majority of learning is done through manufacturing tasks that relate to business and industry. Students work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Furnishing Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in the furnishing industry. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in furnishing trades as, for example, a furniture-maker, wood machinist, cabinetmaker, polisher, shopfitter, upholsterer, furniture restorer, picture framer, floor finisher or glazier.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret drawings and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures.
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and procedures.

Applied

The Furnishing Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
Industry practicesProduction processes	 Cabinet-making Furniture finishing Furniture-making Glazing and framing Upholstery

Assessment

For Furnishing Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

☑ at least two projects

☑ at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3-6 minutes • product: continous class time.	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Hospitality Practices

Applied senior subject

Technologies have been an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. The hospitality industry is important economically and socially in Australian society and is one of the largest employers in the country. It specialises in delivering products and services to customers and consists of different sectors, including food and beverage, accommodation, clubs and gaming. Hospitality offers a range of exciting and challenging long-term career opportunities across a range of businesses. The industry is dynamic and uses skills that are transferable across sectors and locations.

The Hospitality Practices syllabus emphasises the food and beverage sector, which includes food and beverage production and service. The subject includes the study of industry practices and production processes through real-world related application in the hospitality industry context. Production processes combine the production skills and procedures required to implement hospitality events. Students engage in applied learning to recognise, apply and demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to perform production and service skills, and meet customer expectations of quality in event contexts.

Applied learning hospitality tasks supports student development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to the hospitality industry and future employment opportunities. Students learn to recognise and apply industry practices; interpret briefs and specifications; demonstrate and apply safe practical production processes; communicate using oral, written and spoken modes; develop personal attributes that contribute to employability; and organise, plan, evaluate and adapt production processes for the events they implement. The majority of learning is done through hospitality tasks that relate to industry and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Hospitality Practices can establish a basis for further education and employment in the hospitality sectors of food and beverage, catering, accommodation and entertainment. Students could pursue further studies in hospitality, hotel, event and tourism or business management, which allows for specialisation.

Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret briefs
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills, procedures and products
- adapt production plans, techniques and procedures.

The Hospitality Practices course is designed around core topics embedded in a minimum of two elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
Navigating the hospitality industryWorking effectively with othersHospitality in practice	Kitchen operationsBeverage operations and serviceFood and beverage service

Assessment

For Hospitality Practices, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

☑ at least two projects

 \square at least one investigation or an extended response.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
A project consists of a product and performance component and one other component from the following: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal: 3–6 minutes • product and performance: continuous class time	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal: 4–7 minutes.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal: 4–7 minutes.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Industrial Graphics Skills

Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, it is important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills used by Australian manufacturing and construction industries to produce products. The manufacturing and construction industries transform raw materials into products required by society. This adds value for both enterprises and consumers. Australia has strong manufacturing and construction industries that continue to provide employment opportunities.

Industrial Graphics Skills includes the study of industry practices and drawing production processes through students' application in, and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage drawing production processes and the associated manufacture or construction of products from raw materials. Drawing production processes include the drawing skills and procedures required to produce industryspecific technical drawings and graphical representations. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations of drawing standards.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to future employment opportunities in the building and construction, engineering and furnishing industrial sectors. Students learn to interpret drawings and technical information, and select and demonstrate manual and computerised drawing skills and procedures. The majority of learning is done through drafting tasks that relate to business and industry. They work with each other to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Industrial Graphics Skills can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of roles and trades in the manufacturing industries. With additional training and experience, potential employment opportunities may be found in drafting roles such as architectural drafter, estimator, mechanical drafter, electrical drafter, structural drafter, civil drafter and survey drafter.

Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and procedures
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- select practices, skills and procedures
- sequence processes
- evaluate skills and procedures, and products
- adapt plans, skills and products.

The Industrial Graphics Skills course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
Industry practicesDrafting processes	Building and construction draftingEngineering draftingFurnishing drafting

Assessment

For Industrial Graphic Skills, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one practical demonstration (separate to the assessable component of a project).

Project	Practical demonstration	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A task that assesses the practical application of a specific set of teacher-identified production skills and procedures.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
A project consists of a technical drawing (which incldues a model) component and at least one of the following components: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 21⁄2–31⁄2 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3-6 minutes • product: continous class time.	Students demonstrate production skills and procedures in class under teacher supervision.	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Information & Communication Technology

Applied senior subject

Technologies are an integral part of society as humans seek to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies affect people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live. In an increasingly technological and complex world, is it important to develop the knowledge, understanding and skills associated with information technology to support a growing need for digital literacy and specialist information and communication technology skills in the workforce. Across business, industry, government, education and leisure sectors, rapidly changing industry practices and processes create corresponding vocational opportunities in Australia and around the world.

Information & Communication Technology includes the study of industry practices and ICT processes through students' application in and through a variety of industry-related learning contexts. Industry practices are used by enterprises to manage ICT product development processes to ensure highquality outcomes, with alignment to relevant local and universal standards and requirements. Students engage in applied learning to demonstrate knowledge, understanding and skills in units that meet local needs, available resources and teacher expertise. Through both individual and collaborative learning experiences, students learn to meet client expectations and product specifications.

Applied learning supports students' development of transferable 21st century, literacy and numeracy skills relevant to information and communication technology sectors and future employment opportunities. Students learn to interpret client briefs and technical information, and select and demonstrate skills using hardware and software to develop ICT products. The majority of learning is done through prototyping tasks that relate to business and industry, and that promote adaptable, competent, self-motivated and safe individuals who can work with colleagues to solve problems and complete practical work.

Pathways

A course of study in Information & Communication Technology can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, especially the fields of ICT operations, help desk, sales support, digital media support, office administration, records and data management, and call centres.

Objectives

- demonstrate practices, skills and processes
- interpret client briefs and technical information
- select practices and processes
- sequence processes
- evaluate processes and products
- adapt processes and products.

The Information & Communication Technology course is designed around the following topics:

Possible Elective contexts	
 Robotics Drones and Aviation Web Development Game Design App Development Audio and Video Production 	 Digital Imaging and Modelling Layout and Publishing

Assessment

For Information & Communication Technology, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects
- at least one extended response.

Project	Extended response
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.
A project consists of a product component and at least one of the following components: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal: 3–6 minutes • product: continuous class time.	 Presented in one of the following modes: written: 600–1000 words spoken: 3–4 minutes multimodal: 4–7 minutes.

Health General senior subject

Health provides students with a contextualised strengths-based inquiry of the various determinants that create and promote lifelong health, learning and active citizenship. Drawing from the health, behavioural, social and physical sciences, the Health syllabus offers students an action, advocacy and evaluation-oriented curriculum.

Health uses an inquiry approach informed by the critical analysis of health information to investigate sustainable health change at personal, peer, family and community levels.

Students define and understand broad health topics, which they reframe into specific contextualised health issues for further investigation.

Students plan, implement, evaluate and reflect on action strategies that mediate, enable and advocate change through health promotion.

Pathways

A course of study in Health can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of health science, public health, health education, allied health, nursing and medical professions.

Objectives

- recognise and describe information about health-related topics and issues
- comprehend and use health approaches and frameworks
- analyse and interpret information about health-related topics and issues
- critique information to distinguish determinants that influence health status
- organise information for particular purposes
- investigate and synthesise information to develop action strategies
- evaluate and reflect on implemented action strategies to justify recommendations that mediate, advocate and enable health promotion
- make decisions about and use modeappropriate features, language and conventions for particular purposes and contexts.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Resilience as a personal health resource	Peers and family as resources for healthy living Alcohol (elective) Body image (elective)	Community as a resource for healthy living Homelessness (elective) Road safety (elective) Anxiety (elective)	Respectful relationships in the post-schooling transition

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): Investigation — action research	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Investigation —analytical exposition	25%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): Examination — extended response	25%	Summative external assessment (EA): Examination	25%

Physical Education

General senior subject

Physical Education provides students with knowledge, understanding and skills to explore and enhance their own and others' health and physical activity in diverse and changing contexts.

Physical Education provides a philosophical and educative framework to promote deep learning in three dimensions: about, through and in physical activity contexts. Students optimise their engagement and performance in physical activity as they develop an understanding and appreciation of the interconnectedness of these dimensions.

Students learn how body and movement concepts and the scientific bases of biophysical, sociocultural and psychological concepts and principles are relevant to their engagement and performance in physical activity. They engage in a range of activities to develop movement sequences and movement strategies.

Students learn experientially through three stages of an inquiry approach to make connections between the scientific bases and the physical activity contexts. They recognise and explain concepts and principles about and through movement, and demonstrate and apply body and movement concepts to movement sequences and movement strategies.

Through their purposeful engagement in physical activities, students gather data to analyse, synthesise and devise strategies to optimise engagement and performance. They engage in reflective decision-making as they evaluate and justify strategies to achieve a particular outcome.

Pathways

A course of study in Physical Education can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of exercise science, biomechanics, the allied health professions, psychology, teaching, sport journalism, sport marketing and management, sport promotion, sport development and coaching.

Objectives

- recognise and explain concepts and principles about movement
- demonstrate specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- apply concepts to specialised movement sequences and movement strategies
- analyse and synthesise data to devise strategies about movement
- evaluate strategies about and in movement
- justify strategies about and in movement
- make decisions about and use language, conventions and mode-appropriate features for particular purposes and contexts.

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Structure

Unit 1	🗆 Unit 2	🗆 Unit 3	🗆 Unit 4
 Motor learning, functional anatomy, biomechanics and physical activity Motor learning integrated with a selected physical activity Functional anatomy and biomechanics integrated with a selected physical activity 	 Sport psychology, equity and physical activity Sport psychology integrated with a selected physical activity Equity — barriers and enablers 	 Tactical awareness, ethics and integrity and physical activity Tactical awareness integrated with one selected 'Invasion' or 'Net and court' physical activity Ethics and integrity 	 Energy, fitness and training and physical activity Energy, fitness and training integrated with one selected 'Invasion', 'Net and court' or 'Performance' physical activity

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Project — folio	25%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — folio	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation — report	20%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Early Childhood Studies

Applied senior subject

The first five years of life are critical in shaping growth and development, relationships, wellbeing and learning. The early years can have a significant influence on an individual's accomplishments in family, school and community life. Quality early childhood education and care support children to develop into confident, independent and caring adults.

Early Childhood Studies focuses on students learning about children aged from birth to five years through early childhood education and care. While early childhood learning can involve many different approaches, this subject focuses on the significance of play to a child's development. Play-based learning involves opportunities in which children explore, imagine, investigate and engage in purposeful and meaningful experiences to make sense of their world.

The course of study involves learning about ideas related to the fundamentals and industry practices in early childhood learning. Investigating how children grow, interact, develop and learn enables students to effectively interact with children and positively influence their development. Units are implemented to support the development of children, with a focus on play and creativity, literacy and numeracy skills, wellbeing, health and safety, and indoor and outdoor learning environments. Throughout the course of study, students make decisions and work individually and with others.

Students examine the interrelatedness of the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning. They plan, implement and evaluate play-based learning activities responsive to the needs of children as well as exploring contexts in early childhood learning. This enables students to develop understanding of the multifaceted, diverse and significant nature of early childhood learning.

Students have opportunities to learn about the childcare industry, such as the roles and responsibilities of workers in early childhood education and care services. Opportunities to interact with children and staff in early childhood education and care services would develop their skills and improve their readiness for future studies or the workplace. Through interacting with children, students have opportunities to experience the important role early childhood educators play in promoting child development and wellbeing.

Pathways

A course of study in Early Childhood Studies can establish a basis for further education and employment in health, community services and education. Work opportunities exist as early childhood educators, teacher's aides or assistants in a range of early childhood contexts.

Objectives

- investigate the fundamentals and practices of early childhood learning
- plan learning activities
- implement learning activities
- evaluate learning activities.

The Early Childhood Studies course is designed around core topics embedded in at least four elective topics.

Core topics	Elective topics
 Fundamentals of early childhood Practices in early childhood 	 Play and creativity Literacy and numeracy skills Being in a safe place Health and physical wellbeing Indoor and outdoor learning environments

Assessment

For Early Childhood Studies, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- two projects
- two other assessments.

Project	Investigation	Extended response	Examination
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that answers a number of provided questions, scenarios and/or problems.
At least two different components from the following: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal: 3–6 minutes • performance: continuous class time • product: continuous class time.	 Presented in one of the following modes: written: 600–1000 words spoken: 3–4 minutes multimodal: 4–7 minutes. 	 Presented in one of the following modes: written: 600–1000 words spoken: 3–4 minutes multimodal: 4–7 minutes. 	 60–90 minutes 50–250 words per item

Sport & Recreation

Applied senior subject

Sport and recreation activities are a part of the fabric of Australian life and are an intrinsic part of Australian culture. These activities can encompass social and competitive sport, aquatic and community recreation, fitness and outdoor recreation. For many people, sport and recreation activities form a substantial component of their leisure time. Participation in sport and recreation can make positive contributions to a person's wellbeing.

Sport and recreation activities also represent growth industries in Australia, providing many employment opportunities, many of which will be directly or indirectly associated with hosting Commonwealth, Olympic and Paralympic Games. The skills developed in Sport & Recreation may be oriented toward work, personal fitness or general health and wellbeing. Students will be involved in learning experiences that allow them to develop their interpersonal abilities and encourage them to appreciate and value active involvement in sport and recreational activities, contributing to ongoing personal and community development throughout their lives.

Sport is defined as activities requiring physical exertion, personal challenge and skills as the primary focus, along with elements of competition. Within these activities, rules and patterns of behaviour governing the activity exist formally through organisations. Recreation activities are defined as active pastimes engaged in for the purpose of relaxation, health and wellbeing and/or enjoyment and are recognised as having socially worthwhile qualities. Active recreation requires physical exertion and human activity. Physical activities that meet these classifications can include active play and minor games, challenge and adventure activities, games and sports, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities..

Pathways

A course of study in Sport & Recreation can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of fitness, outdoor recreation and education, sports administration, community health and recreation and sport performance.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students should:

- Investigate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.
- Plan activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.
- Perform activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.
- Evaluate activities and strategies to enhance outcomes.

Pre-requisites

Students must have a passion for sport and physical activity and must receive at least a C in Year 9 HPE.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Emerging Trends in Sport, Fitness and Recreation • Project • Performance	Event Management Project Performance 	Fitness • Project • Performance	Coaching and Officiating • Project • Performance

Structure

Certificate III Fitness / Certificate II Sport and Recreation Vocational Education Subject

Objectives

This qualification provides a pathway to work as a Fitness Instructor in settings such as fitness facilities, gyms, and leisure and community centres. Students gain the entrylevel skills required of a Fitness Professional (Group Exercise Instructor or Gym Fitness Instructor). Students deliver programs within their school community including: > Community fitness programs > Strength and conditioning for athletes and teams > 1-on-1 and group fitness sessions with male adults, female adults and older adult clients

This program also includes the following:

> The nationally recognised First Aid competency - HLTAID011 Provide First Aid

Community Coaching - Essential Skills
 Course (non-accredited), issued by Australian
 Sports Commission

A range of career pathway options including pathway into SIS40221 Certificate IV in Fitness at another provider

Pathways

- The Certificate III in Fitness will predominantly be used by students seeking to enter the fitness industry and/or as an alternative entry into University. For example:
 - Exercise Physiologist
 - Teacher Physical Education
 - Sport Scientist
- Students eligible for an Australian Tertiary Admission Rank (ATAR) may be able to use their completed Certificate III to contribute towards their ATAR. For further information please visit https://www.qcaa.qld.edu.au/senior/australi an-tertiary-admission-rank-atar

Learning and Assessment

- Program delivery will combine both classbased tasks and practical components in a real gym environment at the school. This involves the delivery of a range of fitness programs to clients within the school community (students, teachers, and staff).
- A range of teaching/learning strategies will be used to deliver the competencies. These include:
 - Practical tasks
 - Hands-on activities involving participants/clients
 - Group work
 - Practical experience within the school sporting programs and fitness facility
 - Log Book of practical experience
 - Evidence contributing towards competency will be collected throughout the course. This process allows a student's competency to be assessed in a holistic approach that integrates a range of competencies.

Prerequisites

Students must have a passion for and/or interest in pursuing a career in the fitness and sport industries. They must have good quality written and spoken communication skills and an enthusiasm / motivation to participate in physical activity sessions.

Each student must obtain a (free) 'Working with Children' Student Blue Card (application to be completed as part of the enrolment process). A student's official enrolment is unable to be finalised until their Student Blue Card has been issued.

Subject Pre-requisites

- C or better in Year 9 HPE/Sport Development
- C or better in Year 9 English

UNITS OF COMPETENCY

UNITS OF COMPETENCY Certificate III in Fitness		
HLTAID011	Provide First Aid	
HLTWHS001	Participate in workplace health and safety	
SISXEMR001	Respond to emergency situations	
SISXIND001	Work effectively in sport, fitness and recreation environments	
SISXIND002	Maintain sport, fitness and recreation industry knowledge	
BSBSUS211	Participate in sustainable work practices	
SISFFIT047	Use anatomy and physiology knowledge to support safe and effective exercise	
BSBOPS304	Deliver and monitor a service to customers	
BSBPEF301	Organise personal work priorities	
SISFFIT035	Plan group exercise sessions	
SISFFIT036	Instruct group exercise sessions	
SISFFIT032	Complete pre-exercise screening and service orientation	
SISFFIT033	Complete client fitness assessments	
SISFFIT052	Provide healthy eating information	
SISFFIT040	Develop and instruct gym-based exercise programs for individual clients	

ADDITIONAL 8 UNITS OF COMPETENCY (OPTIONAL) Part of the optional Certificate II in Sport and Recreation		
SISXCAI002	Assist with activity sessions	
SISXCCS001	Provide quality service	
BSBWOR202	Organise and complete daily work activities	
BSBTEC201	Use business software applications	
BSBTEC202	Use digital technologies to communicate in a work environment	
BSBTEC203	Research using the internet	
ICTICT203	Operate application software packages	
BSBSUS201	Participate in environmentally sustainable work practices	

Costs

VETiS Student	Non-VETiS Student
\$150	\$450

Information about VETiS can be found here

Notes

This program involves a mandatory 'outside subject' weekly component as follows:

- <u>TERM 5, 6 or 7</u>: 60 minutes per week across a minimum of 5 consecutive weeks delivering fitness programs and services to an adult client, undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school.
- <u>TERM 6</u>: A minimum of one session (60 minutes) delivering a gentle exercise session to an older adult client (age 50+), undertaken at the school gym or an alternate fitness facility sourced by the school.
- All other practical experiences have been timetabled within class time. Students will keep a Log Book of these practical experiences (minimum 40 hours).
- Students enrolled in this subject will complete all course studies in Year 10 and Year 11, allowing them a line of study in Year 12.

Biology General senior subject

Biology provides opportunities for students to engage with living systems.

Students develop their understanding of cells and multicellular organisms. They engage with the concept of maintaining the internal environment. They study biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life. This knowledge is linked with the concepts of heredity and the continuity of life.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society. They develop their sense of wonder and curiosity about life; respect for all living things and the environment; understanding of biological systems, concepts, theories and models; appreciation of how biological knowledge has developed over time and continues to develop; a sense of how biological knowledge influences society.

Students plan and carry out fieldwork, laboratory and other research investigations; interpret evidence; use sound, evidencebased arguments creatively and analytically when evaluating claims and applying biological knowledge; and communicate biological understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Pathways

A course of study in Biology can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of medicine, forensics, veterinary, food and marine sciences, agriculture, biotechnology, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

Objectives

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Cells and multicellular organisms Cells as the basis of life Multicellular organisms 	Maintaining the internal environmentHomeostasisInfectious diseases	 Biodiversity and the interconnectedness of life Describing biodiversity Ecosystem dynamics 	 Heredity and continuity of life DNA, genes and the continuity of life Continuity of life on Earth

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

Chemistry General senior subject

Chemistry is the study of materials and their properties and structure.

Students study atomic theory, chemical bonding, and the structure and properties of elements and compounds. They explore intermolecular forces, gases, aqueous solutions, acidity and rates of reaction. They study equilibrium processes and redox reactions. They explore organic chemistry, synthesis and design to examine the characteristic chemical properties and chemical reactions displayed by different classes of organic compounds.

Students develop their appreciation of chemistry and its usefulness; understanding of chemical theories, models and chemical systems; expertise in conducting scientific investigations. They critically evaluate and debate scientific arguments and claims in order to solve problems and generate informed, responsible and ethical conclusions, and communicate chemical understanding and findings through the use of appropriate representations, language and nomenclature.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

Pathways

A course of study in Chemistry can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of forensic science, environmental science, engineering, medicine, pharmacy and sports science.

Objectives

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Chemical fundamentals — structure, properties and reactions • Properties and structure of atoms • Properties and structure of materials • Chemical reactions — reactants, products and energy change	 Molecular interactions and reactions Intermolecular forces and gases Aqueous solutions and acidity Rates of chemical reactions 	 Equilibrium, acids and redox reactions Chemical equilibrium systems Oxidation and reduction 	 Structure, synthesis and design Properties and structure of organic materials Chemical synthesis and design

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

Marine Science General senior subject

Marine Science provides opportunities for students to study an interdisciplinary science focusing on marine environments and the consequences of human influences on ocean resources.

Students develop their understanding of oceanography. They engage with the concept of marine biology. They study coral reef ecology, changes to the reef and the connectivity between marine systems. This knowledge is linked with ocean issues and resource management where students apply knowledge to consider the future of our oceans and techniques for managing fisheries.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

Pathways

A course of study in Marine Science can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of marine sciences, biotechnology, aquaculture, environmental rehabilitation, biosecurity, quarantine, conservation and sustainability.

Objectives

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Oceanography An ocean planet The dynamic shore 	 Marine biology Marine ecology and biodiversity Marine environmental management 	Marine systems — connections and change • The reef and beyond • Changes on the reef	Ocean issues and resource management • Oceans of the future • Managing fisheries

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

Physics General senior subject

Physics provides opportunities for students to engage with classical and modern understandings of the universe.

Students learn about the fundamental concepts of thermodynamics, electricity and nuclear processes; and about the concepts and theories that predict and describe the linear motion of objects. Further, they explore how scientists explain some phenomena using an understanding of waves. They engage with the concept of gravitational and electromagnetic fields and the relevant forces associated with them. They study modern physics theories and models that, despite being counterintuitive, are fundamental to our understanding of many common observable phenomena.

Students develop appreciation of the contribution physics makes to society: understanding that diverse natural phenomena may be explained, analysed and predicted using concepts, models and theories that provide a reliable basis for action; and that matter and energy interact in physical systems across a range of scales. They understand how models and theories are refined, and new ones developed in physics; investigate phenomena and solve problems; collect and analyse data; and interpret evidence. Students use accurate and precise measurement, valid and reliable evidence, and scepticism and intellectual rigour to evaluate claims; and communicate physics understanding, findings, arguments and conclusions using appropriate representations, modes and genres.

Students learn and apply aspects of the knowledge and skills of the discipline (thinking, experimentation, problem-solving and research skills), understand how it works and how it may impact society.

Pathways

A course of study in Physics can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of science, engineering, medicine and technology.

Objectives

- describe and explain scientific concepts, theories, models and systems and their limitations
- apply understanding of scientific concepts, theories, models and systems within their limitations
- analyse evidence
- interpret evidence
- investigate phenomena
- evaluate processes, claims and conclusions
- communicate understandings, findings, arguments and conclusions.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Thermal, nuclear and electrical physics • Heating processes	Linear motion and waves • Linear motion and	Gravity and electromagnetism • Gravity and motion	Revolutions in modern physics Special relativity
 lonising radiation and nuclear reactions Electrical circuits	force • Waves	Electromagnetism	 Quantum theory The Standard Model

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Data test	10%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Research investigation	20%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Student experiment	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 50% • Examination			

Agricultural Practices

Applied senior subject

Agricultural Practices provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in agricultural science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Agricultural Practices involves creative and critical reasoning; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Agricultural Practices students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in agricultural settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to agricultural activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Agricultural Practices. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike agricultural contexts.

By studying Agricultural Practices, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, realworld interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical agricultural situations.

Pathways

A course of study in Agricultural Practices can establish a basis for further education, training and employment in agriculture, aquaculture, food technology, environmental management and agribusiness. The subject also provides a basis for participating in and contributing to community associations, events and activities, such as agricultural shows.

Objectives

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects.

The Agricultural Practices course is designed around semester-long units which explore a range of agricultural contexts and industries involving plant and animal systems and products.

Units

- Animal industries
- Plant industries
- Land-based animal production
- Water-based animal production
- Land-based plant production
- Water-based plant production
- Animal agribusiness
- Plant agribusiness

Assessment

For Agricultural Practices, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments. Each unit is assessed by a Practical Project and an Applied Investigation.

Practical Project	Applied Investigation
Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information
 Response includes both of the following elements: Completed project – one of the following: One product A performance, up to 4 minutes Documented process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media 	 Presented in one of the following modes: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 1000 words

Science in Practice

Applied senior subject

Science in Practice provides opportunities for students to explore, experience and learn concepts and practical skills valued in multidisciplinary science, workplaces and other settings. Learning in Science in Practice involves creative and critical thinking; systematically accessing, capturing and analysing information, including primary and secondary data; and using digital technologies to undertake research, evaluate information and present data.

Science in Practice students apply scientific knowledge and skills in situations to produce practical outcomes. Students build their understanding of expectations for work in scientific settings and develop an understanding of career pathways, jobs and other opportunities available for participating in and contributing to scientific activities.

Projects and investigations are key features of Science in Practice. Projects require the application of a range of cognitive, technical and reasoning skills and practical-based theory to produce real-world outcomes. Investigations follow scientific inquiry methods to develop a deeper understanding of a particular topic or context and the link between theory and practice in real-world and/or lifelike scientific contexts.

By studying Science in Practice, students develop an awareness and understanding of life beyond school through authentic, realworld interactions to become responsible and informed citizens. They develop a strong personal, socially oriented, ethical outlook that assists with managing context, conflict and uncertainty. Students gain the ability to work effectively and respectfully with diverse teams to maximise understanding of concepts, while exercising flexibility, cultural awareness and a willingness to make necessary compromises to accomplish common goals. They learn to communicate effectively and efficiently by manipulating appropriate language, terminology, symbols and diagrams associated with scientific communication.

The objectives of the course ensure that students apply what they understand to explain and execute procedures, plan and implement projects and investigations, analyse and interpret information, and evaluate procedures, conclusions and outcomes.

Workplace health and safety practices are embedded across all units and focus on building knowledge and skills in working safely, effectively and efficiently in practical scientific situations.

Pathways

A course of study in Science in Practice is inclusive and caters for a wide range of students with a variety of backgrounds, interests and career aspirations. It can establish a basis for further education and employment in many fields, e.g. animal welfare, food technology, forensics, health and medicine, the pharmaceutical industry, recreation and tourism, research, and the resources sector.

Objectives

- describe ideas and phenomena
- execute procedures
- analyse information
- interpret information
- evaluate conclusions and outcomes
- plan investigations and projects.

The Science in Practice course is designed around semester-long units which explore a range of real-world contexts and industries involving scientific ideas and concepts.

Units	
Consumer Science	
 Ecology 	
Forensic Science	
• Disease	
 Sustainability 	
Transport	

Assessment

For Science in Practice, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments. Each unit is assessed by a Practical Project and an Applied Investigation.

Practical Project	Applied Investigation
Students use practical skills to complete a project in response to a scenario.	Students investigate a research question by collecting, analysing and interpreting primary or secondary information
 Response includes both of the following elements: Completed project – one of the following: One product A performance, up to 4 minutes Documented process Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 5 minutes, 8 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media 	 Presented in one of the following modes: Multimodal (at least two modes delivered at the same time): up to 7 minutes, 10 A4 pages, or equivalent digital media Written: up to 1000 words

Chinese General senior subject

Chinese provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the Chinese language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from Chinese-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in Chinese can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses, could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

Objectives

- comprehend Chinese to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of Chinese language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in Chinese.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
我的世界 My world • Family/carers and friends • Lifestyle and leisure • Education	探索世界 Exploring our world • Travel • Technology and media • The contribution of Chinese culture to the world	社会现象 Our society • Roles and relationships • Socialising and connecting with my peers • Individuals in society	我的未来 My future • Finishing secondary school, plans and reflections • Responsibilities and moving on

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

French General senior subject

French provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the French language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from French-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in French can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

Objectives

- comprehend French to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of French language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in French.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Ma vie My world Family/carers and friends Lifestyle and leisure Education 	L'exploration du monde Exploring our world • Travel • Technology and media • The contribution of French culture to the world	 Notre société Our society Roles and relationships Socialising and connecting with my peers Groups in society 	 Mon avenir My future Finishing secondary school, plans and reflections Responsibilities and moving on

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): Examination — combination response 	25%

Japanese General senior subject

Japanese provides students with the opportunity to reflect on their understanding of the Japanese language and the communities that use it, while also assisting in the effective negotiation of experiences and meaning across cultures and languages. Students participate in a range of interactions in which they exchange meaning, develop intercultural understanding and become active participants in understanding and constructing written, spoken and visual texts.

Students communicate with people from Japanese-speaking communities to understand the purpose and nature of language and to gain understanding of linguistic structures. They acquire language in social and cultural settings and communicate across a range of contexts for a variety of purposes.

Students experience and evaluate a range of different text types; reorganise their thinking to accommodate other linguistic and intercultural knowledge and textual conventions; and create texts for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences.

Pathways

A course of study in Japanese can establish a basis for further education and employment in many professions and industries, particularly those where the knowledge of an additional language and the intercultural understanding it encompasses could be of value, such as business, hospitality, law, science, technology, sociology and education.

Objectives

- comprehend Japanese to understand information, ideas, opinions and experiences
- identify tone, purpose, context and audience to infer meaning, values and attitudes
- analyse and evaluate information and ideas to draw conclusions and justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- apply knowledge of Japanese language elements, structures and textual conventions to convey meaning appropriate to context, purpose, audience and cultural conventions
- structure, sequence and synthesise information to justify opinions, ideas and perspectives
- use strategies to maintain communication and exchange meaning in Japanese.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
私のくらし My world • Family/carers and friends • Lifestyle and leisure • Education	私達のまわり Exploring our world • Travel • Technology and media • The contribution of Japanese culture to the world	私達の社会 Our society • Roles and relationships • Socialising and connecting with my peers • Groups in society	私の将来 My future • Finishing secondary school, plans and reflections • Responsibilities and moving on

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Examination — short response	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Extended response	30%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Examination — combination response	30%	Summative external assessment (EA): • Examination — combination response	25%

Dance General senior subject

oneself, others and the world.

Dance fosters creative and expressive communication. It uses the body as an instrument for expression and communication of ideas. It provides opportunities for students to critically examine and reflect on their world through higher order thinking and movement. It encourages the holistic development of a person, providing a way of knowing about

Students study dance in various genres and styles, embracing a variety of cultural, societal and historical viewpoints integrating new technologies in all facets of the subject. Historical, current and emerging dance practices, works and artists are explored in global contexts and Australian contexts, including the dance of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples. Students learn about dance as it is now and explore its origins across time and cultures.

Students apply critical thinking and literacy skills to create, demonstrate, express and reflect on meaning made through movement. Exploring dance through the lens of making and responding, students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively. They develop aesthetic and kinaesthetic intelligence, and personal and social skills.

Pathways

A course of study in Dance can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of dance, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research, and science and technology.

Objectives

- demonstrate an understanding of dance concepts and skills
- apply literacy skills
- organise and apply the dance concepts
- analyse and interpret dance concepts and skills
- apply technical skills
- realise meaning through expressive skills
- create dance to communicate meaning
- evaluate dance, justifying the use of dance concepts and skills.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Moving bodies How does dance communicate meaning for different purposes and in different contexts? Genres: Contemporary at least one other genre Subject matter: meaning, purpose and context historical and cultural origins of focus genres 	 Moving through environments How does the integration of the environment shape dance to communicate meaning? Genres: Contemporary at least one other genre Subject matter: physical dance environments including site- specific dance virtual dance environments 	 Moving statements How is dance used to communicate viewpoints? Genres: Contemporary at least one other genre Subject matter: social, political and cultural influences on dance 	 Moving my way How does dance communicate meaning for me? Genres: fusion of movement styles Subject matter: developing a personal movement style personal viewpoints and influences on genre

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — dance work	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Choreography	20%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

Drama General senior subject

Drama fosters creative and expressive communication. It interrogates the human experience by investigating, communicating and embodying stories, experiences, emotions and ideas that reflect the human experience. It engages students in imaginative meaning-making processes and involves them using a range of artistic skills as they make and respond to dramatic works.

Students experience, reflect on, understand, communicate, collaborate and appreciate different perspectives of themselves, others and the world in which they live. They learn about the dramatic languages and how these contribute to the creation, interpretation and critique of dramatic action and meaning for a range of purposes. They study a range of forms, styles and their conventions in a variety of inherited traditions, current practice and emerging trends, including those from different cultures and contexts.

Students learn how to engage with dramatic works as both artists and audience through the use of critical literacies. The study of drama develops students' knowledge, skills and understanding in the making of and responding to dramatic works to help them realise their creative and expressive potential as individuals. Students learn to pose and solve problems, and work independently and collaboratively.

Pathways

A course of study in Drama can establish a basis for further education and employment in the field of drama, and to broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions, including arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research and science and technology.

Objectives

- demonstrate an understanding of dramatic languages
- apply literacy skills
- apply and structure dramatic languages
- analyse how dramatic languages are used to create dramatic action and meaning
- interpret purpose, context and text to communicate dramatic meaning
- manipulate dramatic languages to create dramatic action and meaning
- evaluate and justify the use of dramatic languages to communicate dramatic meaning
- synthesise and argue a position about dramatic action and meaning.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Share How does drama promote shared understandings of the human experience? cultural inheritances of storytelling oral history and emerging practices a range of linear and non-linear forms 	 Reflect How is drama shaped to reflect lived experience? Realism, including Magical Realism, Australian Gothic associated conventions of styles and texts 	 Challenge How can we use drama to challenge our understanding of humanity? Theatre of Social Comment, including Theatre of the Absurd and Epic Theatre associated conventions of styles and texts 	 Transform How can you transform dramatic practice? Contemporary performance associated conventions of styles and texts inherited texts as stimulus

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — practice-led project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — dramatic concept	20%		
		assessment (EA): 25% extended response	

Film, Television & New Media

General senior subject

Film, Television & New Media fosters creative and expressive communication. It explores the five key concepts of technologies, representations, audiences, institutions and languages.

Students learn about film, television and new media as our primary sources of information and entertainment. They understand that film, television and new media are important channels for educational and cultural exchange, and are fundamental to our selfexpression and representation as individuals and as communities.

Students creatively apply film, television and new media key concepts to individually and collaboratively make moving-image media products, and investigate and respond to moving-image media content and production contexts. Students develop a respect for diverse perspectives and a critical awareness of the expressive, functional and creative potential of moving-image media in a diverse range of global contexts. They develop knowledge and skills in creative thinking, communication, collaboration, planning, critical analysis, and digital and ethical citizenship.

Pathways

A course of study in Film, Television & New Media can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of information technologies, creative industries, cultural institutions, and diverse fields that use skills inherent in the subject, including advertising, arts administration and management, communication, design, education, film and television, and public relations.

Objectives

- explain the features of moving-image media content and practices
- symbolise conceptual ideas and stories
- construct proposals and construct moving-image media products
- apply literacy skills
- analyse moving-image products and contexts of production and use
- structure visual, audio and text elements to make moving-image media products
- experiment with ideas for moving-image media products
- appraise film, television and new media products, practices and viewpoints
- synthesise visual, audio and text elements to solve conceptual and creative problems.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Unit 1 Foundation Concept: technologies How are tools and associated processes used to create meaning? Concept: institutions How are institutional practices influenced by social, political and economic factors? Concept: languages How do signs and symbols, codes and conventions create meaning?	Unit 2 Story forms • Concept: representations How do representations function in story forms? • Concept: audiences How does the relationship between story forms and meaning change in different contexts? • Concept: languages How are media languages used to construct stories?	Unit 3 Participation Concept: technologies How do technologies enable or constrain participation? Concept: audiences How do different contexts and purposes impact the participation of individuals and cultural groups? Concept: institutions How is participation in institutional practices influenced by social, political and economic	Unit 4 Identity • Concept: technologies How do media artists experiment with technological practices? • Concept: representations How do media artists portray people, places, events, ideas and emotions? • Concept: languages How do media artists use signs, symbols, codes and conventions in experimental ways to create meaning?

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Case study investigation	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Stylistic project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Multi-platform project	25%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25%Examination — extended response			

Music General senior subject

Music fosters creative and expressive communication. It allows students to develop musicianship through making (composition and performance) and responding (musicology).

Through composition, performance and musicology, students use and apply music elements and concepts. They apply their knowledge and understanding to convey meaning and/or emotion to an audience.

Students use essential literacy skills to engage in a multimodal world. They demonstrate practical music skills, and analyse and evaluate music in a variety of contexts, styles and genres.

Pathways

A course of study in Music can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields such as arts administration and management, music journalism, arts/music education, creative and performance industries, music/media advertising, music and voice therapy, music/entertainment law, and the recording industry.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

General

- demonstrate technical skills
- explain the use of music elements and concepts
- use music elements and concepts
- analyse music
- apply compositional devices
- apply literacy skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- evaluate music to justify the use of music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas
- resolve music ideas.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
Designs Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Identities Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Innovations Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:	Narratives Through inquiry learning, the following is explored:
How does the treatment and combination of different music elements enable musicians to design music that communicates meaning through performance and composition?	How do musicians use their understanding of music elements, concepts and practices to communicate cultural, political, social and personal identities when performing, composing and responding to music?	How do musicians incorporate innovative music practices to communicate meaning when performing and composing?	How do musicians manipulate music elements to communicate narrative when performing, composing and responding to music?

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Performance	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Integrated project	35%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Composition	20%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination				

Music Extension (Composition)

General senior subject

General

Music Extension (Composition) is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only, and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the Composition specialisation (making), students create and resolve new music works. They demonstrate use of music concepts and manipulate music concepts to express meaning and/or emotion to an audience through resolved compositions.

Pathways

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and

employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- apply literary skills
- evaluate music and ideas about music
- examine music and ideas about music
- express meaning, emotion or ideas about music
- apply compositional devices
- manipulate music elements and concepts
- resolve music ideas.

Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
ExploreKey idea 1: Initiate best practiceKey idea 2: Consolidate best practice	EmergeKey idea 3: Independent best practice

Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Composition 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Composition project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Composition 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination — extended response			

Music Extension (Musicology)

General senior subject

General

Music Extension (Musicology) is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only, and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the Musicology specialisation (responding), students investigate and analyse music works and ideas. They synthesise analytical information about music, and document sources and references about music to support research.

Pathways

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and

employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- apply literary skills
- evaluate music and ideas about music
- examine music and ideas about music
- express meaning, emotion or ideas about music
- analyse music
- investigate music
- synthesise information.

Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
ExploreKey idea 1: Initiate best practiceKey idea 2: Consolidate best practice	EmergeKey idea 3: Independent best practice

Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Musicology project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% Examination — extended response 			

Music Extension (Performance)

General senior subject

General

Music Extension (Performance) is an extension of the Music General senior syllabus. It provides an opportunity for students with specific abilities in music to extend their expertise. Students select one specialisation only, and follow an individual program of study designed to continue the development of refined musicianship skills. Music Extension encourages students to investigate music concepts and ideas relevant to their specialisation.

In the Performance specialisation (making), students realise music works, demonstrating technical skills and understanding. They make decisions about music, interpret music elements and concepts, and express music ideas to realise their performances. employment in the fields of arts administration, communication, education, creative industries, public relations and science and technology.

Objectives

By the conclusion of the course of study, students will:

- apply literary skills
- evaluate music and ideas about music
- examine music and ideas about music
- express meaning, emotion or ideas about music
- apply technical skills
- interpret music elements and concepts
- realise music ideas.

Pathways

A course of study in Music Extension can establish a basis for further education and

Structure

Unit 3	Unit 4
ExploreKey idea 1: Initiate best practiceKey idea 2: Consolidate best practice	EmergeKey idea 3: Independent best practice

Assessment

In Units 3 and 4 students complete four summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4	
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation 1	20%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Performance project	35%
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Investigation 2	20%		
		issessment (EA): 25% extended response	

Visual Art General senior subject

Visual Art provides students with opportunities to understand and appreciate the role of visual art in past and present traditions and cultures, as well as the contributions of contemporary visual artists and their aesthetic, historical and cultural influences. Students interact with artists, artworks, institutions and communities to enrich their experiences and understandings of their own and others' art practices.

Students have opportunities to construct knowledge and communicate personal interpretations by working as both artist and audience. They use their imagination and creativity to innovatively solve problems and experiment with visual language and expression.

Through an inquiry learning model, students develop critical and creative thinking skills. They create individualised responses and meaning by applying diverse materials, techniques, technologies and art processes.

In responding to artworks, students employ essential literacy skills to investigate artistic expression and critically analyse artworks in diverse contexts. They consider meaning, purposes and theoretical approaches when ascribing aesthetic value and challenging ideas.

Pathways

A course of study in Visual Art can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts practice, design, craft, and information technologies; broader areas in creative industries and cultural institutions; and diverse fields that use skills inherent in the subject, including advertising, arts administration and management, communication, design, education, galleries and museums, film and television, public relations, and science and technology.

Objectives

- implement ideas and representations
- apply literacy skills
- analyse and interpret visual language, expression and meaning in artworks and practices
- evaluate art practices, traditions, cultures and theories
- justify viewpoints
- experiment in response to stimulus
- create meaning through the knowledge and understanding of materials, techniques, technologies and art processes
- realise responses to communicate meaning.

Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4
 Art as lens Through inquiry learning, the following are explored: Concept: lenses to explore the material world Contexts: personal and contemporary Focus: People, place, objects Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based 	 Art as code Through inquiry learning, the following are explored: Concept: art as a coded visual language Contexts: formal and cultural Focus: Codes, symbols, signs and art conventions Media: 2D, 3D, and time-based 	 Art as knowledge Through inquiry learning, the following are explored: Concept: constructing knowledge as artist and audience Contexts: contemporary, personal, cultural and/or formal Focus: student- directed Media: student- directed 	 Art as alternate Through inquiry learning, the following are explored: Concept: evolving alternate representations and meaning Contexts: contemporary and personal, cultural and/or formal Focus: continued exploration of Unit 3 student-directed focus Media: student- directed

Assessment

Schools devise assessments in Units 1 and 2 to suit their local context.

In Units 3 and 4 students complete *four* summative assessments. The results from each of the assessments are added together to provide a subject score out of 100. Students will also receive an overall subject result (A–E).

Unit 3		Unit 4		
Summative internal assessment 1 (IA1): • Investigation — inquiry phase 1	15%	Summative internal assessment 3 (IA3): • Project — inquiry phase 3	35%	
Summative internal assessment 2 (IA2): • Project — inquiry phase 2	25%			
Summative external assessment (EA): 25% • Examination				

Media Arts in Practice

Applied senior subject

Media Arts in Practice focuses on the role media arts plays in the community in reflecting and shaping society's values, attitudes and beliefs. It provides opportunities for students to create and share media artworks that convey meaning and express insight.

Students learn how to apply media technologies in real-world contexts to solve technical and/or creative problems. When engaging with school and/or local community activities, they gain an appreciation of how media communications connect ideas and purposes with audiences. They use their knowledge and understanding of design elements and principles to develop their own works and to evaluate and reflect on their own and others' art-making processes and aesthetic choices.

Students learn to be ethical and responsible users of and advocates for digital technologies, and aware of the social, environmental and legal impacts of their actions and practices.

Pathways

A course of study in Media Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a dynamic, creative and global industry that is constantly adapting to new technologies.

Objectives

- identify and explain media art-making processes
- interpret information about media arts concepts and ideas for particular purposes
- demonstrate practical skills, techniques and technologies required for media arts
- organise and apply media art-making processes, concepts and ideas
- analyse problems within media arts contexts
- use language conventions and features to communicate ideas and information about media arts, according to context and purpose
- plan and modify media artworks using media art-making processes to achieve purposes
- create media arts communications that convey meaning to audiences
- evaluate media art-making processes and media artwork concepts and ideas.

The Media Arts in Practice course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core	Electives
Media technologies Media communications Media in society	Audio Curating Graphic design Interactive media Moving images Still image

Assessment

For Media Arts in Practice, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects, with at least one project arising from community connections
- at least one product, separate to an assessable component of a project.

Project	Product	Extended response	Investigation
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the application of skills in the production of media artwork/s.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.
At least two different components from the following: • written: 500–900 words • spoken: 2½–3½ minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 3–6 minutes • product: variable conditions.	• variable conditions	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.

Visual Arts in Practice

Applied senior subject

The arts are woven into the fabric of community. They have the capacity to engage and inspire students, enriching their lives, stimulating curiosity and imagination, and encouraging them to reach their creative and expressive potential. Arts subjects provide opportunities for students to learn problem-solving processes, design and create art, and use multiple literacies to communicate intention with diverse audiences.

In Visual Arts in Practice, students respond to authentic, real-world stimulus (e.g. problems, events, stories, places, objects, the work of artists or artisans), seeing or making new links between art-making purposes and contexts. They explore visual language in combination with media, technologies and skills to make artworks. Throughout the course, students are exposed to two or more art-making modes, selecting from 2D, 3D, digital (static) and time-based and using these in isolation or combination, as well as innovating new ways of working.

When responding, students use analytical processes to identify problems and develop plans or designs for artworks. They use reasoning and decision-making to justify their choices, reflecting and evaluating on the success of their own and others' artmaking. When making, students demonstrate knowledge and understanding of visual features to communicate artistic intention. They develop competency with and independent selection of media, technologies and skills as they make experimental and resolved artworks, synthesising ideas developed throughout the responding phase.

Learning is connected to relevant industry practice and opportunities, promoting future employment and preparing students as agile, competent, innovative and safe workers who can work collaboratively to solve problems and complete project-based work in various contexts.

Pathways

A course of study in Visual Arts in Practice can establish a basis for further education and employment in a range of fields, including design, styling, decorating, illustrating, drafting, visual merchandising, make-up artistry, advertising, game design, photography, animation or ceramics.

Objectives

- use visual arts practices
- plan artworks
- communicate ideas
- evaluate artworks.

The Visual Arts in Practice course is designed around core and elective topics.

Core	Electives
 Visual mediums, technologies, techniques Visual literacies and contexts Artwork realisation 	 2D 3D Digital and 4D Design Craft

Assessment

For Visual Arts in Practice, assessment from Units 3 and 4 is used to determine the student's exit result, and consists of four instruments, including:

- at least two projects, with at least one project arising from community connections
- at least one product (composition), separate to an assessable component of a project.

Project	Product	Extended response	Investigation
A response to a single task, situation and/or scenario.	A technique that assesses the application of idenified skills to the production of artworks.	A technique that assesses the interpretation, analysis/examination and/or evaluation of ideas and information in provided stimulus materials.	A response that includes locating and using information beyond students' own knowledge and the data they have been given.
 A project consists of: a product component: variable conditions at least one different component from the following written: 500–900 words spoken: 2½–3½ minutes multimodal non-presentation: 8 A4 pages max (or equivalent) presentation: 3–6 minutes. 	• variable conditions	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.	Presented in one of the following modes: • written: 600–1000 words • spoken: 3–4 minutes • multimodal - non-presentation: 10 A4 pages max (or equivalent) - presentation: 4–7 minutes.